CLIMBING HIGHER.
DAILY AVERAGE DURING DECEMBER,
4107.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Climbing Up! Up! Up!
DAILY AVERAGE DURING DECEMBER,
4107.

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Sell all the HOLIDAY GOODS which we have left at

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Worsted Suitings,
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A. FOSTER,
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OVERCOATS,
Fall and Winter Styles.

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NEW STYLES IN
Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats.
All Our Own Make.

J. G. Thieme & Son
Cor. Columbia and Clinton Sts.

FIGHT IN CHURCH.

An Old Feud Culminates in a Bloody Battle

Between Two Factions at Anderson, Ind.—Stones, Clubs and Lead were Resorted to, and

Missles Flew in the Air and Several Persons Badly Injured.

ANDERSON, Ind., Jan. 10.—The most terrible and bloody fight in the history of the county occurred right after communion services Sunday at Forest Chapel church, six miles southwest of the city. The communion table had just been cleared away when a row sprung up between the Lawsons, on one side, and the Swinefords, Smears and Hartzells on the other. It was a terrific fight, and, as a result, Irvin Lawson and Sanford Manis are in a critical condition and the latter is almost sure to die.

The fight was the result of an old feud between the Lawsons and the other parties named. After church Sunday the opportunity presented itself to settle the affair. It seems that Lewis, Albert and John Swineford, Albert Smear and Lewis Hartzell had come to church prepared for trouble. They were armed with stones, billies, sling shots, knuckles, etc. According to old man Lawson's story, William Lawson, Sanford Manis, Arthur Lawson and Irvin Lawson were also.

Just after the services were over the trouble began. Lewis Swineford struck Sanford Manis across the head with a club and knocked him down. The other Swineford boys, together with Hartzell and Smear, then attacked Irvin and Arthur Lawson. Irvin was knocked down across a seat with a stone, and then the gang pounced upon him and beat him in a horrible manner. William Lawson, the old man, rushed to his son's rescue, and received a terrible beating about the head with clubs and knuckles. By this time the fight became general. Stones, clubs and chunks of lead flew through the air. All of the windows on one side of the church were knocked out. Women shrieked and fainted, while men rushed from the building to escape being injured by the flying missles.

The injured are: Bill Lawson, two cuts on head, nose mashed, and other injuries; Sam Manis, bruises and cut about the head and face, seriously hurt; Arthur Lawson, several bruises and cuts, weak from loss of blood; Irvin Lawson, seven bad cuts on scalp, supposed to be dangerously hurt; Joe Swineford, ear nearly cut off by a slung shot, face cut and severely hurt; Albert Swineford, cut on head and neck, dangerously hurt, may not live; Lewis Swineford, black eyes, several cuts and bruises; Matthew Swineford, knocked down and his skull fractured; Joe Hartzell, son of George Hartzell, badly cut, may die.

ROBBED ON THE STREET.

Highwaymen Commit a Bold Deed at Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 10.—The Rev. Albert Fredericks and his wife were sandbagged and robbed on one of the principal streets at 6 o'clock last evening. They were walking on Tenth street, near Farnam, when the minister was knocked senseless by a violent blow on the head. At the same time a similar blow felled Mrs. Fredericks. Her shopping bag, containing about $10, was snatched by the robbers, but before they could get a roll of bills out of Mr. Frederick's pocket they were frightened away. Both victims are in a precarious condition. The Rev. Mr. Fredericks is a returned missionary from Africa and was spending a short time with friends in this city.

SENATOR KENNA

Still Very Weak, but the Doctors are Hopeful.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—One of Senator Kenna's physicians this morning informed a reporter that the senator had slept soundly during the night but early this morning, for about an hour, he suffered from nausea. He was now, however, (9 a. m.) relieved. The physicians do not consider the sick man's condition to be necessarily dangerous, and, although he is still liable to relapse, they hope for his permanent recovery. He is still very weak, however.

MILLIONAIRE'S SON

Killed by an Accident at Colorado Springs.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 10.—James A. Clark, aged twenty-eight, son of the millionaire thread manufacturer of Paisley, Scotland, was killed at Colorado Springs yesterday by being thrown from a carriage while driving with his brother Norman. He had just received a telegram informing him of the death of his sister, Mrs. Clara Baxter at Paisley.

President Crespo.

LAGUAYRA, Venezuela, Jan. 10.—President Crespo has decided to call the election for the new constitutional convention for March and the new convention will meet in May. Crespo has started for Maracay, where he will enjoy a vacation. Dr. Pertri was designated to act as president ad interim.

Mammoth Eagle.

WABASH, Ind., Jan. 10.—On the farm of Emanuel Lutz, three miles south of this city, is a mammoth gray eagle, which roosts in the woods, and whenever the entrails of a beef or a hog are thrown out in a field, flies to the offal and eats voraciously. Then he perches himself on the fence, having gorged until he can only move with difficulty, and sits this position for several hours before returning to his place in the forest. Mr. Lutz says that he has often walked within a half dozen rods of the bird while he was making a meal, the eagle being careless of his presence. Mr. Lutz permits no one to shoot at his pet, which he will endeavor to entrap. He describes the eagle as one of unusual size.

PARIS EXCITED

Because the French Ministry Has Resigned

Owing to Differences in the Cabinet—Failure to Bring the Bribe-takers to Trial.

PARIS, Jan 10.—The French ministry has just resigned, owing to differences in the cabinet on the arrest of ex-Minister of Public Works Baihut, and other matters. The greatest excitement prevails, and people throng the streets. The police are out in force and dispersing the crowds.

President Carnot has charged M. Ribot with the duty of reconstructing the ministry. It is openly charged that the president and M. Ribot are not in earnest in the Panama prosecutions and that they have no intention of bringing the bribetakers to trial and that the prosecution of Delesseps, Fontane, Cottu and Eiffel will be nothing more than a farce.

It is also charged that efforts are being made to postpone the exposure of certain guilty parties until the law of prescription will have taken effect. The ministry which has resigned was the same as the old ministry of M. Loubet, with the relatives of its members changed and without M. Ricard and M. Roche.

At a cabinet council held in the Elysee today M. Ribot announced to President Carnot that himself and his colleagues recognized that it was necessary to reform the cabinet. The ministers, therefore, collectively presented their resignations to President Carnot and the president charged M. Ribot, as stated, with the duty of reconstructing the ministry. It is understood that M. Ribot will retain the office of premier, but will exchange the ministry of foreign affairs or the ministry of interior. It is also reported that M. Loubet, minister of interior and M. De Freycinet, minister of war, will probably not be found in the reconstructed cabinet.

SUNDAY CLOSING.

They Now Want it Open for Religious Ceremonies.

The House Committee Takes Up the Question and Will Listen to Chicago's Tale of Woe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The hearing of the World's Columbian Exposition committee of the house on the Sunday opening question was begun this morning. The committee room was filled with members of the city government of Chicago and other persons, including four women interested in the subject. Mayor Hempstead Washburne opened the hearing and introduced City Clerk Van Cleave who read the memorial of the Chicago city council praying that the gates of the world's fair be not closed on Sunday; that the buildings be kept open for the inspection of exhibits, and that full opportunity be afforded for the holding of religious ceremonies by all creeds.

BRUTAL MURDER.

A Father and Daughter Killed for Their Money,

And the Remains Burned in their Residence—Negroes Did the Work—A Lynching Bee Probable.

COTTON PLANT, Ark., Jan. 10.—The bodies of Reuben Atkinson and his four-year-old child were found yesterday in the ashes of their home, three miles out of here. They had been murdered by negro cotton pickers and the house set on fire to hide evidence of the crime. Last night Paul Stubbs and Henry Aller were arrested on suspicion and the latter made a confession, stating that Stubbs planned the murder for the purpose of securing $600 which Atkinson had in the house. The feeling against Stubbs and Aller is running high and it is scarcely possible they will escape lynching.

TEN GUILTY MEN.

Such is the Verdict of the Jury in the Trial of Strikers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 10.—The verdict of the jury who has tried the thirteen strikers charged with riot at the Duquesne steel works of the Carnegie company, was opened in court this morning and finds ten of the accused guilty of riot; two of unlawful assemblage, and one acquitted.

RECOVERS $500,000.

Decision in a Celebrated Case in Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 10.—The supreme court of Wisconsin this morning affirmed the ruling of Judge Newton in the celebrated state treasury cases, whereby the state recovers some $500,000 interest money from former treasurers. The decision is confirmed by all the judges.

FRIGHTFUL EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed and Ten Badly Injured.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 10.—An explosion has just occurred at Olivers' Tenth street mill, south side; three killed, ten injured.

August Krueger, of this city, has been chosen one of the vice presidents of the Association of Indiana Commercial Travelers.

BLAINE'S CONDITION.

He Rallies From the Sinking Spell of Saturday.

But the Improvement is Nothing More Than Temporary Suspension of the Ravages of the Disease.

Dr. Johnson Has No Hopes for His Patient's Recovery—Death is Liable to Come at Any Moment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Another almost miraculous and unexpected improvement in the condition of Mr. Blaine occurred in the early hours of this morning. At 1 o'clock Doctors Johnston and Hyatt gave out a statement reciting that "Mr. Blaine passed a comfortable day until 8 o'clock this evening, when he became not so well and at this hour, 1 a. m., he is still losing strength."

At that hour the family were gathered in the reception room, just across the hall from the sick man's chamber, fearing the worst and receiving no comfort or encouragement from the physicians. As the hour wore away, however, Mr. Blaine maintained about the same degree of vitality, and seemed to rally slightly. At 2 o'clock the doctors informed the family that their patient was sleeping quietly and there were no indications of immediate dissolution, and advised them to retire. They did so, and Dr. Hyatt returned home, leaving Dr. Johnston in charge of the patient.

Mr. Blaine's rest continued unbroken until daylight, and from all indications apparent outside, none of the watchers were disturbed at any time. At 3 o'clock Dr. Johnson responded to an inquiry at the door by a reporter that Mr. Blaine was likely to die at any time, but at 5 o'clock he stated that there was then no probability of death occurring for some hours at least. An hour and a half later the doctor left the house for his own house to gain a few hours' needed rest. Before leaving he made the following statement: "Since 1 o'clock Mr. Blaine has rested fairly well. He has slept almost continuously and is now more comfortable. There is no immediate danger of death." Dr. Johnston said he did not expect to return before 10 o'clock.

Joseph H. Manly, of Augusta, Me., who came to Washington to see Mr. Blaine, remained at the house all night. This morning at 7:30 o'clock he walked over to the Arlington for breakfast. On the way he told a reporter that Mr. Blaine had passed a fairly good night. The family felt somewhat encouraged by the marvelous recuperative powers displayed by the sick man under conditions which seemed to preclude hope. He, himself, Mr. Manly said, believed it possible for Mr. Blaine to live several weeks yet, but admitted that the circumstances of the case were such that he might die at any time.

Yesterday, while Secretary Elkins was at the home, Mr. James G. Blaine, jr., spoke as if he felt that his father might recover so far as to be able to transact business again; and one of the ladies is quoted as saying that if they did not know how sick Mr. Blaine was, they might hope, in view of the rally from Saturday night's relapse, for his ultimate recovery.

Dr. Hyatt called at 8 o'clock and remained with the sick man for an hour. When he emerged from the house he said that Mr. Blaine had rallied from the relapse that occurred at midnight and he believed him to be in practically the same condition as that noted during the early part of last evening. Rev. Dr. Hamlin, pastor of the Church of Covenant, reached the house shortly after 9 o'clock, but remained only to inquire of Mr. Blaine's condition from the attendant. This is believed to signify that the family do not regard the condition of the patient as critical. Senator Frye, of Maine, was one of the callers, and he confirmed what others had previously said concerning the improvement of Mr. Blaine's condition.

At 10:30 o'clock Dr. Johnston returned to the house and remained with Mr. Blaine half an hour. As he left the house he said Mr. Blaine was better than he had been during the night, and that that was to be interpreted as meaning that the patient was better than he had been at any time since the last relapse. Mr. Blaine passed a very comfortable night and when Dr. Johnston left him his condition was as favorable as could be expected. He continued to take nourishment. While he was willing to state that Mr. Blaine's condition showed improvement, the physician would not go so far as to assert that that improvement could be maintained. Dr. Johnston added that he saw Mr. Blaine during the night, but that this visit was not due to any serious condition that has suddenly shown itself. The family appeared to be without alarm. During the morning hours Mrs. Damrosch went out for a short walk. An incident that attracted the attention of passers by was the conduct of the proprietors of a street piano who drew up in front of the house and began to grind out the strains of some of the popular songs of the day. When warned away by friends of the family who were passing the house, these men said they had permission to play there and had done so late last night. The tunes were decidedly lively and when they had finished a servant appeared at the door and rewarded them with a goodly sum of small change. Senators Frye and Chandler and Congressmen Boutelle and Hitt were among the morning callers and all reported Mr. Blaine as resting very comfortably. There is, however, no hope held by the family that the improved condition of Mr. Blaine is anything more than a temporary suspension of the ravages of the disease that must sooner or later end in dissolution.

Representative Boutelle, of Maine, who visited the Blaine family shortly after 11 o'clock, remained about half an hour. He said the patient was brighter and resting easier and has regained his natural appearance and does not show any evidence of having passed through the serious relapse that occurred during the early morning. The family are encouraged, he said, at the favorable change, but of course, cannot predict what the day will bring forth.

FIERCE STORMS

Prevail Throughout Michigan, Interrupting Traffic.

All the Railways Buried Beneath Mountains of Snow and Business Practically Suspended.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Jan. 10.—The worst blizzard known here for three seasons set in at midnight Sunday and is still raging. Through trains are from two to five hours late. Street car traffic is suspended and business was at a standstill yesterday. On the Duluth and South Shore road, in the famous "snow belt" east of Marquette, between Munising and Autrain stations, the tracks were buried under seven feet of snow. All the plows on the road are out except the rotary, which is held in reserve.

PORT HURON, Mich., Jan. 10.—The steamer Omar D. Conger, of the Sarnia and Port Huron ferry line, became fast in the ice in the St. Clair river last night with twenty passengers on board. The boat is still fast but the passengers are gradually being gotten ashore this morning, after a wild night and without supper or breakfast. It is bitterly cold and the river is freezing rapidly.

AU TRAIN, Mich., Jan. 10.—Mat Lampinen, a boarding-house keeper at Ridge, six miles east of here, went out to look at section lines Sunday morning and has not returned. He cannot possibly have escaped death, as a terrible snow storm has been raging for forty-eight hours. A rescuing party has been looking for him since yesterday morning, but has discovered no trace of him. He has probably been devoured by wolves, as there are large packs of these brutes in the woods.

MANISTEE, Mich., Jan. 10.—The worst storm in years has raged here since Sunday night. All public schools are deserted. The snow is piled in huge drifts. Last night's 10 o'clock train on the Flint and Pere Marquette road did not get in until 10 o'clock this morning. Trains due on the Chicago and West Michigan and Manistee and Northeastern roads have not been heard from.

ALPENA, Mich., Jan. 10.—A terrible storm is raging here. The thermometer ranges from ten to fourteen below zero.

BANK OFFICERS.

Our City Banks Hold Their Annual Elections.

The different banks of the city hold their annual elections today and chose the following officers:

HAMILTON BANK.

President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, jr.
Assistant Cashier—Charles Orr.
Directors—Aug. C. Trentman, Montgomery Hamilton, Fred Eckart, Chas. McCulloch, John Mohr, jr.

OLD NATIONAL BANK.

President—S. B. Bond.
Cashier—J. D. Bond.
Assistant Cashier—J. C. Woodworth.
Directors—O. P. Morgan, J. H. Bass, S. B. Bond, R. C. Paul, Montgomery Hamilton.

WHITE'S NATIONAL BANK.

President—J. W. White.
Vice President—T. B. Hedekin.
Cashier—H. A. Keplinger.
Assistant Cashier—G. G. Detzer.
Directors—T. B. Hedekin, Solomon Rothschild, D. C. Fisher, R. L. Romy, R. T. McDonald, J. B. White, J. W. White.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

President—J. H. Bass.
Cashier—Lem R. Hartman.
Assistant Cashier—W. L. Pettit.
Directors—J. H. Bass, M. W. Simons, Jno. M. Miller, Geo. H. Wilson, Geo. Dalman, W. H. Hoffman and John C. Pheifer.

Tonight at the Masonic Temple occurs the first annual benefit of the Fort Wayne Press club when that sterling dramatic success "Men and Women," will be presented by the original Boston cast of Charles Frohman's players, headed by Frank Burbeck, Lolia Vane, Maclyn Arbuckle, Nanette Comstock and other artists of high reputation. The influence of the press as an agent for good is acknowledged by all. If not directly, then indirectly. Let the minister have a particularly good sermon in preparation; what is his first step to make it public? To use the press for that purpose. Let the business man start an innovation of any sort in his business, his first step is to solicit a favorable mention, which he almost invariably receives at the hands of the reporters, and usually gratis. Let the lawyer win a suit by brilliant argument, or the surgeon perform a difficult operation, he stops the first reporter he meets and pours his tale into willing ears, and presto, it is given to the world and his fame enhanced, gratis.

The fire department was called to No. 290 Creighton avenue at 1 o'clock today by a blaze in the dwelling of Samuel Wass. The house was damaged to the extent of $250. Cause of fire unknown.

ANOTHER STRIKE

At the Homestead Mills is Promised for the Near Future.

The Non-Union Men Are Indignant at the Treatment Accorded Them—Their Wages Reduced.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 10.—Discontent exists among the men in the Homestead steel works. This dissatisfaction is not greater among the ex-strikers than among the non-unionists, who claim that they are not being paid the wages promised them by agents of the Carnegie Steel company throughout the country when entering the service of the firm. The growling of the old hands becomes more ominous each day and it is the opinion not only of men who work in the mill, but of Homestead citizens generally, that by spring the Carnegie company will have another Homestead strike on its hands. The scale presented by the company last June, it has all along been claimed by the firm, contemplated a reduction in the wages of only the high priced men. This the strikers deny and produce figures to substantiate their assertions. Under the old scale cupola foremen in the old converter were paid $2.50 per 100 tons; iron tappers $1.69 per 100 tons, and ladlemen $1.08 per 100 tons.

A comparison of these rates with those at present paid in the new converting mill shows cupola foremen now receive $1.31 per 100 tons; iron tappers 64 cents per 100 tons, and ladlemen $1.30 per 100 tons. Under the old scale eight hours turns were the rule, while now the converting mill men swelter twelve hours for a turn. Like reduction in wages and corresponding increase in hours is in effect in every department. Should it come to a question of organizing for another strike, which, judging from present indications, is not at all improbable, the non-union men in the works will be taken in, as they are as loud, if not more so, in their denunciations of the treatment they have received at the hands of the company as are the ex-strikers.

THE CORONER.

A Correspondent Speaks of the Importance of the Office.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 9, '92.

EDITOR SENTINEL:

The communication from "Lex" in your issue of Saturday suggests a possible laxity in our laws, which, if true, is horrible to think of. This has been placed by "Lex" under the head of the health office. The responsibility which rests with the coroner is lost sight of. The office of coroner should be recognized as one of the most important offices in a community. As it is regarded by most people, any one is capable of filling the office, and as a result the work is done in an automatic manner. The usual verdict after the coroner's inquest is that "the corpse is dead." There is a popular opinion that the coroner should be a physician. As a rule, physicians of the front rank do not aspire to the office; it necessarily follows that many coroners throughout the state are men not well versed in their profession. The coroner should be a man of judgment and keen perception. A physician, qualified to thoroughly examine and make an intelligent coroner's report as to condition of a dead body, should be appointed for that work.

At intervals we read of sudden deaths after an attack of stomach pain, vomiting or convulsions occurring in a person previously well. The body is viewed, perhaps cut open, and the statement gravely and wisely made that death resulted from "heart failure."

Recently, in an adjoining county, a girl who is attending a medical college opened the body of a woman who died suddenly under very mysterious circumstances. The girl at once cleared the matter up by "finding that the woman had died from natural causes."

Here is a pretty state of things. Enough to make the father of medicine roll in his coffin and groan for the simple people of this later century, and they living adjacent to the scene, a few months hence, of the greatest exhibition of learning and progress the world has ever witnessed. C. O. HOSKE.

GAS EXPLOSION.

Three Employes of the Crescent Company Injured.

A terrific explosion of natural gas occurred at the Crescent paper mill, at Hartford City, at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Three men, Charles Dale, Perry Dally and Ed Smith, went into the regulator house to correct the gas supply. An explosion, which wrecked the house, followed, and the men were blown out by the flame. All three were terribly burned, but may recover. The cause of the explosion is not known.

The city and railroad departments of the Y. M. C. A. met in the parlors of the city association last evening. Members of the central board of management to take the place of those whose terms had expired, were elected as follows: W. D. Page, E. A. K. Hackett, E. S. Philley, C. H. Newton and A. H. Polhamus. Members of the board holding over are William Myers, James McKay and H. C. Schrader. The board will meet next Monday evening for the purpose of selecting officers. Trustees of the associations were also selected as follows: C. H. Newton, George W. Brackenridge, D. W. Souder, O. P. Morgan, John H. Jacobs. Messrs. A. H. Polhamus and E. A. K. Hackett are the hold over trustees.

Dr. J. Sloan Smith has moved back to Fort Wayne from Huntington.

THE FARMERS

Close Their Third Annual Institute.

Interesting Papers are Read and Speeches Delivered—The Session Last Evening.

The farmers' institute met again this morning at the Knights of Labor hall in the Bank block and was called to order by President Gloyd, after which Rev. J. V. Updike, the pastor of the Christian church, invoked divine blessing. An interesting and instructive paper, "What Shall We Do With Our Boys and Girls?" was read by J. W. Hursh and the address of the morning, on the subject, "Spraying Fruits," was delivered by William Stahl, of Quincy, Ill. General discussion followed and Aaron Jones then spoke on "How to Make Wheat Growing Profitable."

This afternoon a lecture on "Dairying as a Factor in Farming" was delivered by S. E. Kelsey and also one on "Grasses of Northern Indiana" by W. A. Brooks. The reports of the committees were then made and the institute adjourned.

The institute committee who arranged the program furnished very interesting exercises and was as follows:

Chairman—J. D. Gloyd, Fort Wayne.
Secretary—W. A. Kelsey, Dunfee.
Treasurer John Dalman, Fort Wayne. Eel River township, Wesley Johnson; Perry, J. J. Rundles; Cedar Creek, Wm. Treece; Springfield, Samuel Mills; Scipio, James Lindermuth; Maumee, Frank Butt; Milan, A. W. Brooks; St. Joe, Wm. Sherdon; Washington, W. H. DeVilbiss; Lake, Wm. Gehcen; Aboite, W. J. Esterline; Wayne, W. A. Fairfield; Adams, Henry Hartman; Jefferson, Patrick Ryan; Jackson, J. A. Jones; Monroe, Wm. R. Brown; Madison, Aug Grodian; Marion, H. K. Turner; Pleasant, Charles Dalman; Lafayette, Geo. B. Lawrence.

Just before the adjournment a committee, consisting of Wm. R. Brown, A. C. Griffin and Samuel Mills, reported the following resolutions, which were adopted:

We, the undersigned, your committee on resolutions, would beg to make the following report of what we deem important questions for the consideration of this institute:

WHEREAS, The farmers of this county are as much or more than any other class of citizens interested in the general welfare of the county, its progress in all phases, both moral and financial, do declare that the best interests of the people of Allen county would be better served by understanding our wants. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting,

1. That we think it is beneficial for farmers to meet in these institutes to exchange thoughts and receive instructions from those who are sent to instruct us. Therefore we will arrange for another institute next year.

2. That we should retain our present system of road officers.

3. That the thanks of this institute be tendered to Miss Minnie Hoswell and the Warcup family for the music furnished us, to the instructors who have come from a distance, and to the owners of the hall in which our meetings have been held.

At the session of the institute last evening the secretary read a paper on "The Money Value of Good Roads" by Prof. Latly, of Purdue university. The writer of the article advocated the building of good roads on the ground that they were a financial benefit to the farmer, increasing the value of every acre of his land, enabling him easier access to trading centers and adding to profits of his farm products. He had, he said, written to forty of the most prominent farmers of the state asking them to reply to questions concerning the increase which good roads brought to their farms, and the average of the opinions received was that their lands had arisen in value $6.43 per acre. The average cost of constructing these roads, they said, was $1,140 a mile. The annual loss from poor roads, they replied, averaged 76 cents per acre each year and these losses would, if the money were expended, in a few years secure them good roads, and give the farmers every advantage of easier access to the cities and towns in the vicinity of their lands.

R. M. Lockhart was then introduced by President Gloyd and spoke on the subject of "Public Roads, Their Value and How to Secure Them." He set forth in an interesting manner the many benefits that resulted to the farmer from building good roads, saying that they not only increased the value of their farms and their farm commodities, but they gave their families the many advantages offered by the cities. With good roads, he said, it would be an easy matter for the farmers' children to attend the higher grades of the city schools and still live at their homes, leaving them each morning and returning in the evening. The same would be true also in the way of attending city churches and other places. He believed the building of better roads was a subject in which every farmer should interest himself and to secure them the first thing to be done was to have them thoroughly drained, for however good they may be built, he said, if they are not drained it will not be long before they are in a bad condition again. What roads are built or improved should be well done, and then it would not be necessary to fix them again each year as is so often the case. Every man who works on the road, he said, should do an honest day's work and seek to put the country highways in the best possible condition. If every man does this, good roads can be secured and maintained for all time to come. The road laws we have today, he thought, if properly enforced, would make the roads much better than they are under our tax system of having the work done. He would not do away entirely with the supervisor system, but if the road work was put in the hands of competent township trustees it would be well.

After Mr. Lockhart's address general discussion was indulged in, and a number participated, among whom were T. E. Ellison, of this city, and Messrs. Wallace, Dennis and Esterline, who offered several valuable suggestions and spoke interestingly in favor of better country roads.

The following resolution was passed: Resolved, That the farmers of Allen county, in their third annual institute convened, are in favor of the passage of the Hatch-Washburn option bill by the national congress, and respectfully ask our senators from Indiana to vote for its passage.

During the afternoon a paper was read by Mrs. Stults, and speeches made by Messrs. J. W. Hursh and James A. Reilly.

FOUND DEAD.

Sad Discovery of Mrs. Charles Cragg This Morning.

Her Three-Months-Old Child Found Cold in Death—Coroner Kesler Investigates the Case.

This morning at about 3 o'clock Mrs. Charles Cragg, of No. 28 Buchanan street, made a sad discovery at her home. She had gone up stairs to awaken her three-months-old baby boy, when she was horrified to find the little one lying upon the bed cold in death. Mrs. Cragg was overcome with grief. Friends and neighbors were at once summoned but the little one had passed out of the world into the other land.

The child was apparently well and strong yesterday and last evening. It was even unusually lively. Two or three times during the night it awoke and was well and hearty. Mr. and Mrs. Cragg were up at an early hour this morning and the child was left sleeping in the bed. Coroner Kesler was called, and after a careful examination of the case gave it as his opinion that the child had strangled to death. The little one had been suffering with an abcess of the nose for some days, and it is supposed that this in some way caused its death, as the child was too young and feeble to clear its throat, and consequently strangled to death.

Mr. and Mrs. Cragg have two other older children. The funeral of the child will be held some time Thursday at the St. Peter's Catholic church. Coroner Kesler returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

DANGERS AHEAD!

Rev. Sawtelle Directs Some Strong Language Against the Liquor Traffic at the Prohibition Meeting.

"No person on the face of the earth has the right to sell to his brother that which will destroy his body, his mind and his home," said Rev. R. H. Sawtelle at the prohibition meeting, last evening. "This country," continued he, "is menaced by a terrible danger. If we continue as we have in the past four years the government must fall. Rome was a great and mighty nation in her day but when she reached that point in her history when the power of government was confined to the hands of a corrupt minority then the fair page of her history was blotted and she fell—never to rise again. We, as a nation, are like Rome before her fall. We are at the pivotal point in our history. We are in the hands of the rum power and our president is elected by its vote. The slum element of the city of New York determines the complexion of our elections. Whisky holds the balance of power and until we can free ourself from this horrible monster I fear—aye, I tremble for our future as a nation. I am a prohibitionist first, last and at all times. It is a great thing to feel that you are right, even if the following is small. Just so long as our government licenses the accursed traffic of liquor—just so long will the power of rum laugh in the face of every mother, of every father, who pleads that the boy may be spared from the drunkard's grave."

THE COURTS.

The Record of the Day's Doings Before Different Tribunals.

The case of Waldo vs. Haiber is on trial before Judge Dawson.

Frederick Haiber has qualified as a notary public.

The circuit court was transacting routine business today.

The will of the late Mrs. Mary C. Jefferds is filed for record. Her estate is left to her husband.

S. F. Swayne has sold to Sylvester and Mary E. Drummond lot 38, Fairfield addition, for $1,000.

The state of Indiana, through Prosecutor Colerick, institutes suit to recover $150 on a forfeited bond.

Turnkey Henry Hagerman took William Rhodes and Frank Miller to the prison north yesterday.

Louis L. Gerardot and Lizzie J. Lourane, John Zeiser and Margaret Houline, Montgomery G. Beaver and Edith R. Cutshall have been licensed to wed.

Tomorrow at Bluffton the divorce case of ex-Councilman Henry P. Vordermark vs his wife, Millie Vordermark, will be tried. Mr. Vordermark's attorneys are Judge Ninde and Attorney T. E. Ellison.

A. A. Martin, who formerly kept a grocery at 27 West Main street, is out for the post office and requests us to say that he is in favor of leaving it to the vote of the people.

AFTER THE COLLEGE.

Citizens on West Superior Street are Aroused.

They are Making a Desperate Effort to Drive the Medical College Off That Street.

On the 1st day of last September the Fort Wayne Medical college purchased the old McCulloch homestead, and re-opened the medical college formerly located in the Taylor university building. It appears that the purchase was made through a misunderstanding, as the owner of the property was under the opinion that it was not to be occupied as a college, but as a private residence. Shortly afterward it was opened as a medical college, and there was immediately a great uproar upon the street. This agitation resulted in a petition which was drawn up yesterday and circulated among the West Superior street property holders, last evening, almost all of them signing it. The petition is rather sensational in its character, and requests the council to take action at once. It is as follows:

That, by a species of fraud and misrepresentation, the officers of the Fort Wayne Medical college procured the purchase of lots one and two and the east ten feet of lot numbered three, in McCulloch's homestead addition to said city of Fort Wayne, by a pretended deed by Kent K. Wheelock and wife, who subsequently deeded said property to the Fort Wayne Medical college.

That the building upon said premises is used largely as a receptacle for dead bodies and for anatomical dissection of the same, and has been so used by the said Fort Wayne Medical college since October 15, 1892, for such iniquitous purposes.

That Superior street has become one of the residential streets of the city and will continue to bear the character of a residential street as contra-distinguished from a business street.

That the houses of your petitioners are, many of them, in close proximity to said buildings.

That the said Fort Wayne Medical college, by reason of the method it uses said building and the purposes to which it is to be devoted, is a nuisance which will, if suffered to continue, depreciate the value of the property of your petitioners and injuriously affect the health of themselves and their families.

That they would represent to your honorable body that the location of such an institution on a residental street is an outrage that would not be tolerated in any city of the size of Fort Wayne.

Wherefore, they pray your honorable body to take such action as may be necessary in the premises to abate such nuisance and compel said college to place its dissecting rooms and its anatomical department somewhere in the suburbs or outside the city limits of the city, where the same will not be offensive to public health and to the welfare of the citizens of the city in the thickly populated parts thereof. And your petitioners will ever pray.

PAUL A. GAGE.

Carl P. Swain Writes Concerning the Dead Man.

The following letter from Carl P. Swain, the press operator at the Daily Press office, explains itself:

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 10, 1893.

Hon. C. Reinewald, City Clerk, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

DEAR SIR:—Replying to the request for information relative to the letter in last night's SENTINEL, I beg to say: I knew a man who was formerly a conductor and then a baggageman on the Grand Rapids and Indiana road running out of Fort Wayne, whose name I always understood to be "Pearley" Gage. He died about two years ago, and I know he was a New Englander and I think was from New Hampshire, and if I recollect aright, was from Manchester. The similarity of the names leads me to believe he is the man Mr. Taggart seeks information of. Mr. Gage was married to Miss Laura Kitselman, the daughter of John and Hannah Kitselman, who lived in this city at the time of Mr. Gage's death. His wife, Laura, died some place east, I think, about six months before the death of her husband. John Kitselman now lives in White Pigeon, Mich., where a letter will reach him, directed in care of Lee Kitselman, who is a Lake Shore engineer. Another son of John Kitselman, and a brother-in-law of Gage, lives at No. 2 Center street, and his name is William B. Kitselman, occupation, conductor on the Nickel Plate road. A letter to any of the above named will undoubtedly gain for Mr. Taggart the information he desires, as I have no doubt whatever that Paul A. Gage, and the man whom I knew as "Perley" Gage are identical. I shall be glad if this information shall lead to what the gentleman desires to know.

Yours truly,
CARL P. SWAIN.

Mr. Reinewald has written to the parties designated in the above letter and awaits a reply.

IT WAS A DRAW.

A Ferocious Fight Between Two "Professional" Dogs.

The sports who were instrumental in getting up the affair and who witnessed the exhibition were very sly about concealing their violation of the law from the police, but they could not keep it from the acute ears of the newspaper reporters, and THE SENTINEL today, consequently, records a vicious dog fight which took place in this city on Sunday afternoon.

The dogs were "professional" and considerable money was wagered on the result. The fight occurred in a large barn in the southern part of the city and was witnessed by a large number of sports. The SENTINEL reporter is not at liberty to give the names of the owners, but the dogs have not imposed upon him the same obligation, and he can hence, give their names, which were "Murphy" and "Brindle."

For thirty-seven minutes these two canines fought each other. It was a vicious contest and neither dog seemed to have the advantage when they were separated, and the fight was declared a draw.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS.

Great Fortunes Rising Like Monuments.

How Millionaires Succeed in Piling Up Enormous Wealth.

Not Difficult for Anyone to Follow Their Example.

It is popularly supposed that a few men like Gould, Vanderbilt and Astor represent the rich men of the country.

This is a great mistake. There are thousands upon thousands of millionaires, men so rich that they cannot possibly spend the interest upon their vast accumulations. Every city, every town, every community has them; it is they who represent the wealth of our country on account of their numbers.

Now if so many men succeed, what is the true secret of that success?

Two words answer—energy and health.

Any man of indomitable energy and perseverance who is well can succeed.

Ah, there is the rub—who is well.

Men have the energy and ability to succeed, but they do not possess the requisite health—that strength of the nerves, vigor of the mind and endurance and tirelessness which alone make men succeed.

They feel languid, even weak at times and lack snap and ambition; they know they have the necessary ability, but their energies need rousing. In some cases the stomach, liver and bowels are at fault, or possibly the kidneys are out of order. Nine times out of ten, however, it is lack of nerve strength, nerve vigor and nerve power.

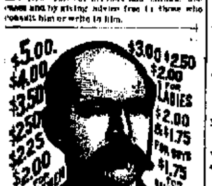
Numberless men who have ample vigor at first break down in health from the excessive strain upon their nerves and physical system, as did the well known S. W. Nourse, Esq., of Hudson, Mass. He strikes the key note of the difficulty, and his advice, if followed, will put men on the sure road to wealth.

MR. S. W. NOURSE, ESQ.

"From constant worry over business matters," he said, "I suffered from the loss of sleep, and became so nervous that I was entirely unfitted for my business. In fact, I feared insanity. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. The effect was almost magical. I could again sleep, mental composure, appetite, and strength returned. Six bottles of this remedy cured me, and I have remained well to this date. I have recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to many of my friends and neighbors, and have yet to learn of a failure to obtain good results."

Nothing more need be said. Get your health and you will stand every chance of succeeding in life. If you are not well, if you do not feel just right, if you lack the vim, energy and strength to take hold of your work, by all means use the wonderful remedy which restored Mr. Nourse to health and power to work.

You can procure it at any druggist's for $1, and we would say also that it is a purely vegetable and harmless remedy, used and fully endorsed by physicians—in fact it is the discovery of the eminent physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th street, New York, who has made himself famous throughout the United States by his marvelous cures of nervous and chronic diseases and by giving advice free to those who consult him or write to him.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE NOT RIP.

Best Calf Shoe in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold everywhere. Everybody should wear them. It is a duty you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised above, as thousands can testify.

☞ Take No Substitute. ☜

Beware of fraud. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
I. LEHMAN.

Burlington Route

BEST LINE

CHICAGO

TO

Pacific Coast.

MOFFAT'S PILLS,

Established by one of our most eminent physicians and recommended by the medical profession and druggists who know their real merit, and are used with more pleasing results than any other medicine.

They act on the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys, purify and regulate the whole system, and are warranted a certain cure for all Malarious Diseases, Torpid Liver, Impure Blood, Jaundice, Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Costiveness, Nervous and Sick Headache, Female Obstructions and General Weakness, and Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Colds and Fever and Ague. Price 25c per box, plain or sugar coated.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere, or sent by Mail or Express, prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. P. MILLS, 88 Liberty St., New York.

For sale at wholesale by Meyer Bros. & Co., No. 8 West Columbia St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

E. KRAMER,
SIGN PAINTER,
90 EAST MAIN STREET.
Finest and Best work. Cheapest price [illegible]

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

BY F. & C. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, JAN. 10, 1893.

4107

Is the Daily Average of Our Circulation for the Month of December.

STATE OF INDIANA, ALLEN COUNTY, SS:

Personally appeared before me, clerk of the Allen circuit court, Jos. F. Ervin, business manager of THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, who makes oath that the actual number of copies of THE DAILY SENTINEL delivered to subscribers and sold to newsboys and news agents, during the month of December, 1892, was as follows:

December 1	4,078
December 2	4,090
December 3	4,135
December 5	4,065
December 6	4,072
December 7	4,051
December 8	4,106
December 9	4,056
December 10	4,117
December 12	4,019
December 13	4,103
December 14	4,101
December 15	4,107
December 16	4,110
December 17	4,228
December 19	4,101
December 20	4,120
December 21	4,107
December 22	4,143
December 23	4,117
December 24	4,121
December 26	4,115
December 27	4,117
December 28	4,127
December 29	4,116
December 30	4,114
December 31	4,167
Total for the month	**110,903**
Daily average	**4,107**

JOS. F. ERVIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 2d day of January, 1893.

DAN'L W. SOUDER,
Clerk.

THIS DAY IN THE PAST.

[illegible] Laud, archbishop of Canterbury, executed on Tower hill by order of the Long Parliament; born 1573.

1778—Linnæus, Swedish naturalist, died.

1840—Rowland Hill's scheme for penny postage went into operation.

1855—Mary Russell Mitford, English authoress, died.

1860—The great Pemberton mill at Lawrence, Mass., fell, and 325 persons were killed and wounded.

1861—The Florida convention adopted the ordinance of secession—yeas, 62; nays, 7.

1863—Lyman Beecher, father of the famous family, died in Brooklyn; born Oct. 12, 1775.

1870—Murder of the Parisian journalist, Victor Noir, by Pierre Bonaparte, cousin of Napoleon III.

1871—General Chanzy's army routed by Prince Frederick Charles at Le Mans, destroying all hope of relief for Paris.

1876—General Gordon Granger died at Santa Fe, aged 50.

1878—The Servians captured [illegible]

TONIGHT.

PRESS CLUB BENEFIT—"Men and Women," at the Masonic Temple.

CITY Y. M. C. A.—Edith Ross Concert Co.

R. R. Y. M. C. A.—Cottage meeting at 205 South Calhoun street.

CITY COUNCIL—Regular meeting.

PHILHARMONIC CLUB—Rehearsal.

REVIVAL SERVICES—Wayne Street M. E. church, Grace Reformed church, Baptist Tabernacle, First U. B. church; Free Methodist church.

LODGES—Fort Wayne Grand Lodge of Perfection; Patriarchs Militant; Summit City lodge, Degree of Honor No. 2, A. O. U. W.; Fort Wayne Lodge, K. of P.; Darius Council of Princes of Jerusalem.

WORLD'S MUSEUM—A Drama and Circle Hall Attractions.

THE ice crop will be a big one this year.

THE thermometer went below the zero mark last night, recording the coldest weather of the season.

JANUARY, it is said, must always have its thaw. We hope January will get left this year and that our snow will stay with us until the latter part of March.

TYPHUS fever seems to have gained a foothold in New York, and in spite of the most vigorous measures that dreaded malady is spreading with fatal effect. The scourge of diphtheria in many localities is also sufficient to excite alarm.

R. H. LYONS, for many years city editor, succeeds Alfred B. Miller, deceased, as editor of the South Bend Tribune. Fred A. Miller, son of the deceased, succeeds to the management and general supervision of the paper, and Chas Fassett, an old newspaper man, takes charge of the local department.

THE ending of Governor Chase's administration brings to a close the eleven years' career of W. B. Roberts as private secretary of the governor of Indiana. He has served three governors in that capacity—Porter, Hovey and Chase. No other private secretary to the governor in Indiana had so many years of service.

THE state board of health will meet at Indianapolis tomorrow, when a committee of undertakers and the board will discuss a bill which the former wants to have enacted by the general assembly. The measure provides for the appointment of a state board of undertakers and for the licensing of all the undertakers of the state.

THE Rev. E. V. Hunter, of Terre Haute, goes to Washington this week to renew the fight inaugurated by the Y. P. S. C. E. against the opening of the world's fair on Sunday. He will present his argument before the house committee. Mr. Hunter reports that hundreds of thousands of church members will not attend the world's fair if it is opened on Sunday.

A SENSATION has been caused at Rome by the letter of Pope Leo to the people of Bologna, in which the pontiff states that in nominating Cardinal Serafino Vannutelli to be archbishop of Bologna he had obeyed the divine inspiration. The unusual declaration on the part of the pope is regarded as tantamount to designating Cardinal Vannutelli as his successor in the pontificate.

THE speech of Governor Claude Matthews, at the inaugural exercises yesterday, was an able and intelligent discussion of the state issues. He spoke of the tax law, building and loan associations, reduction in taxes, state debt, the election law, public highways, apportionment and other questions. He favored the most rigid economy consistent with good government in all departments of the state. An increase of officers or salaries should be avoided where not of absolute necessity. A lessening of both would be preferable where the public service would not be impaired. There should not be an increase in the rate of taxation; on the contrary, he hoped it might be found that there can be a reduction without sacrificing public interests.

Counterfeit Souvenirs.

Thomas Carter, secret service officer for Indiana, believes the most gigantic counterfeiting job that was ever undertaken will be started soon, if it is not already under way. "I refer to the counterfeiting of the souvenir coins of the World's Columbian exposition," he said. "I shall be surprised if those coins are not counterfeited and if the counterfeits are not soon on the market. It will be possible for the counterfeiters to use the same metal that the government has used in the original coins. The coins when completed will cost about forty cents each and if sold for one dollar, as they doubtless will be, the makers will have a profit of sixty cents on each coin. It will be a difficult matter to distinguish the genuine from the counterfeit and I shall not be surprised if as many of the counterfeits as the original are sold in Chicago next year."

Capt. Porter, of the United States secret service at Chicago, says: "It is perfectly possible to make a coin of coin silver so nearly like the souvenir as to be practically beyond detection, and they might be poured into the country towns in great numbers by sharpers. The coins would be somewhat lighter than the genuine, but the ordinary run of people would not notice the difference. I expect to find a lot of counterfeit souvenirs before the novelty of them has worn off. I think the policy of placing a premium on the coins was a very foolish thing. It was the greatest incentive to counterfeits ever known."

In view of this possibility it behooves the people of this country as well as visitors from abroad to be on the watch for counterfeit Columbian coins.

DIPHTHERIA has recently been prevalent among the school children of Detroit, Mich., and the charge is made by Dr. R. S. Farnum of that city that the disease has been spread by interchanging lead pencils. The board of education furnishes pencils for all the scholars and the latter are not allowed to use any others. The scholars get one pencil to-day and another to-morrow, all the pencils being dropped into a box at the close of school each day. It is no exaggeration to say that the average child using a lead pencil will put the lead end into its mouth forty times a day, and with the pencils going from one child's mouth to another from day to day it is easy to see that the practice might become very dangerous, while of course it is unclean.

THE successful boring of an artesian well in the Colorado desert is in the opinion of the San Francisco Call a hopeful omen for the reclamation of that region. A mighty stream of water rose from a great depth—cool, pure water—and continues to flow. Other boring will doubtless be carried out, and then will the desert blossom like a garden. The soil without water is arid. By itself, but the elements of fertility are there as much as in other parts of California, provided irrigation is possible. From this point of view the discovery is one of the most important that has occurred in the state. It may result in the conversion of a great region to profitable use and bring millions to the holders of what is now regarded as worthless land.

CHICAGO is the second post office in the United States. The receipts for the last fiscal year showed the highest percentage of increase recorded in First Assistant Postmaster General Bell's report. The total receipts of Col. Sexton's office for the year ending June 30 were $3,000,000, an increase of $425,000, or twelve per cent. New York's increase was only $665,000, giving a total of $8,031,000. Philadelphia, the third office, with receipts of $2,578,710, showed an increase of only $180,511, or 7.5 per cent. "The figures show," says Col. Sexton, "that, notwithstanding the fact that the postmaster general has been liberal, he has not kept pace with the business of the office, and we still need more men and more room."

IT is often remarked that a public petition is an index of public sentiment, because almost anybody will sign any kind of a petition, and another illustration of the fact seems to be afforded in a recent election in Seward county, Kan., for the purpose of settling a controversy about the county seat. Not nearly so many votes were cast at the election as there were names signed to the petition praying that an election, to settle the point in alleged dispute, be held. The supreme court is to settle the matter.

NO FINER tribute was ever paid to the gentle empress of Germany than that of one of her little sons. A clergyman was recently explaining to him that all men are sinners, whereupon the royal pupil asked gravely if his father, the emperor, was not an exception to this rule. "No," replied the clergyman, "he is not. The kaiser is a sinner like every other mortal." "Well, I am positive of one thing," insisted the little prince, "and that is that my dear mother is no sinner!"

THE only man in the world who lives in a mansion built in the air is Mr. Fay, an American millionaire. The building in question is situated at Guanajuato. It is over three hundred feet high and is supported by massive iron pillars. Access to the building is obtained by a gigantic elevator, and communication with the town is by telephone.

INYO county, Cal., has a wonderful natural curiosity, which closely resembles a monster petrified elephant. The rock which nature has given such an extraordinary form is a dark-gray granite, almost the exact colors of the Asiatic elephant's skin.

THE people of Canada are getting Americanized in various ways. Time was when they counted their money in pounds, shillings and pence or "coppers," but now they count it in dollars, dimes and cents.

Blow, blow, blow! That disagreeable catarrh can be cured by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the constitutional remedy.

Hard Times in Australia.

A recent arrival from Australia relates a story which goes to show that business is in a state of stagnation at the antipodes just at present. He says that in Melbourne, a city of two hundred and seventy-five thousand, there are at least seven thousand men unemployed, and that there are at least six thousand in the smaller city of Sydney. Throughout the entire country, too, hard times prevail. Head clerks, bookkeepers and men of that class accustomed during the boom to getting thirteen pounds or sixty dollars a week, now get but two pounds or three pounds a week, and are glad to get that. America, and California above all, is now the objective point of tens of thousands in Australia. But many of them cannot get here. They haven't got the money. The captain of the Alameda stated he had never in all his experience in running to Australia had so many applications from men who wanted to get over in one way or another. The corn crop in the great corn district has been injured by the continued rains and this is hard on the people of that region, whatever be their vocation. The wool crop is pretty good, and that is almost the only thing that sheds a ray of light of any kind upon the country. Real estate is dead. It has fallen greatly in price, and nobody will buy it, even at the greatly reduced rates.

A New Immigration Dodge.

It is noted in New York that there is a surprising number of "Americans" returning from Europe just now, "Americans" that seem to be at home in every language but United States. One ship arrived a few days ago with over nine hundred steerage passengers on board, all of whom were either American citizens or the relatives of American citizens, or tourists. There can be no mistake about this, because the steamship company had certificates to that effect, sworn to by the European agents. So of course the passengers must all have been what they were said to be. Had it not been for the immigration trouble the United States authorities might still be ignorant of how many poor American citizens have been wandering in foreign parts. No one knows why they have all been rushing home so fast (in the steerage) since the nation has decided against immigration.

THE eighty-five teachers in the public schools of Lockport, N. Y., had a spelling contest the other day, to the great delight of their pupils, because some of the teachers did not altogether cover themselves with glory. Of the eighty-five, only five spelled "Rensselaer" correctly, and seventy-four per cent. of the whole number misspelled "acknowledgment." All of the following words were wrongly spelled by more than half of the teachers, and several of them by more than fifty: "Supersede," "reconciliation," "excellence," "benefited," "business," "medal," "maintenance," "milliner," "pretentious," "gaseous" and "concede." The word "Genesee" is said to have caught a good many victims. The old-fashioned spelling school should be revived in that section.

A RECENT report from Albany conveys the intelligence that a determined effort will be made this winter to have the New York legislature abolish capital punishment and substitute life imprisonment. Some of the strongest advocates of this action are returned to legislature this year and it is intimated that Gov. Flower is not averse to it, and, in fact, favors it. The bill to be proposed this year will also take from the chief executive the power of pardon and in its place allow pardons to be granted by the court alone upon the presentation of new evidence of an extenuating nature. There are at present eleven murderers in the various state prisons awaiting death.

A LEADING Chicago Chinese merchant said, a few days ago, that his countrymen were not going back to China because of the law ordering them to be photographed. "We are fighting the legality of the law now in Washington," said he. "The six companies have had counsel now in Washington for a month, and we shall do nothing until the case has been decided. I do not think the advices from San Francisco are correct. Chinamen all over the United States are waiting for a decision on the constitutionality of the law."

OWING to the heavy gales which have prevailed this fall the catch of whitefish has been very light in Lake Huron, and only one hundred and fifty jars of the eggs of this fish were secured by Superintendent Wires, of the United States fish hatchery in Alpena, Mich. The amount is about half what the hatcheries could take care of, and will produce about twenty million fish.

THE movement for a shorter work-day has at last reached the south, and Georgia has made an eleven-hour law for her factory employes, and a ten-hour instead of a twelve-hour day is demanded in South Carolina, with some chance of success, it is said.

IT is estimated that it costs the well-to-do people in this country $125,000,000 annually to support charitable institutions, while at least $500,000 are invested in permanent buildings where the needy are cared for.

Take it Home. "Having used Salvation Oil in my family for rheumatism I find it an excellent remedy. Hiram G. Dudley, of Dudley & Carpenter, Commission Merchants, 125 Light St., Baltimore, Md.

SELF-DENIAL does not belong to religion as characteristic of it; it belongs to human life; the lower nature must always be denied when you are trying to rise to a higher sphere.

Mr. F. A. Sullivan, of Chicago, Ills., writes that he has used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for bronchitis and found it to be as represented, "a great remedy and a good friend."

STATE NEWS.

A well dressed young man entered the store of Davis & Bro., at Colfax, in the early evening, and, after selecting a ring, sprang to the door and his horse, and galloped off before the firm could interpose.

Isaac Thomas, of Henry county, in the prison south for forgery and paroled by Governor Chase, is given a bad record by the prison management. Recently he became beastly intoxicated on liquor smuggled to him by a coal cart driver.

It is asserted that while a fellow named Riley, known as "Bum, Jr.," of Washington, was sleeping off a drunken debauch, unknown parties applied tar to his clothing and set it on fire. "Bum Jr." was frightfully burned and he will lose an eye and an ear.

Mrs. Mary Van Horlitz and six children, the oldest only twelve years old, lived in a little home near Ober. At 3 o'clock in the morning, with the thermometer at zero, a defective flue set fire to the hovel. The family escaped in their night clothes and were compelled to seek shelter with a neighbor one mile away. Their hands and feet were badly frosted, and a four-year-old girl will lose both her hands and her feet.

William Crawford, Ed. Briles and other friends, living over the line in Harrison county, went to Leavenworth, where they drank to excess. En route homeward, Crawford was overcome by the liquor and laid down in the woods to sleep. His companions built a fire to keep him from freezing, and left Lowe to watch him. Lowe went to sleep, and when he awakened Crawford's clothing had caught fire, and he was horribly burned. Crawford will die of his injuries.

William Shetlerly and family, of Jackson township, Madison county, were awakened at midnight by the burning of their home, and the parents barely had time to seize their three little children and escape to the open air before the roof fell in. Nothing else was saved. The night was cold and the snow was deep, while the nearest refuge was half a mile away. The children were badly frozen before shelter was found, and Mr. and Mrs. Shetlerly were also seriously frosted.

Mrs. William Grant, of Richmond, is tangled up in matrimonial complications. She married Allen Dodge, of Oxford, Ohio, in 1884, and abandoned him because of his dissipated habits. Understanding that Dodge had procured a divorce, she married Charles T. Jones, of Chicago. It developed that Jones already had a wife, and while waiting for him to procure a legal separation, she married Mr. Grant. Now she is suing for a divorce from Dodge, while Grant is prosecuting Jones on general principles.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Closing, 1:15 p. m.—Wheat, Jan., 73½c; Feb., 74½c; May, 79½c.

Corn, Jan., 41½c; Feb., 42¼; May, 46½c.

Oats, Jan., 30½c; Feb., 31½c; May, 34½c.

Pork, Jan., $18.70; May, $19.10.

Lard, Jan., $10.70; May, $10.52½.

Ribs, Jan., $9.47½; May, $9.52½.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 10.—Cattle, receipts, 6,000; firm.

Hogs, receipts, 30,000; opened very firm, sales being made as high as $7.90 for prime heavy weights, but took a weaker turn and closed lower. Heavy, $7.50@7.80; mixed and medium, $7.55@7.70; light, $7.25@7.60.

Sheep, receipts, 6,000; firm.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 10.—Close—Wheat, cash, 73; May, 78¼ bid.

Corn, cash, 41.

Oats, No. 3 white, cash, 35.

Cloverseed, cash and Jan., $8.17½; March, $8.27½.

Dressed hogs, $9.00.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Sugar, refined, firm; cut loaf and crushed, 5 31-100@5½; granulated, 4 69-100@41; cubes, 4 94-100@51; Mould A, 4 94-100@51.

Coffee, opened steady at about closing prices and with moderately active trading; sagged off and at noon was about ten points below the opening.

Butter, quiet; western separators, 32½@33c; creamery state tubs, best, 28@30c.

Cheese, dull; state factory full cream, fancy white, 11½@11¾c.

Eggs, quiet; firm; state and Pennsylvania, choice, 31c; western, best, 31c.

ROBERT A. PINKERTON says in response to the charge that violence was precipitated at Homestead by the presence of the Pinkerton men that outrages were committed immediately after the Homestead affair by the striking workmen at Coeur d'Alene in the Rocky Mountains, although no Pinkerton watchmen were sent to the latter-named locality. This may be true, but the fact still remains that the rioting at Homestead did not begin until the Pinkertons arrived upon the ground. The magazine of disorder was there, perhaps, but the coming of the Pinkertons supplied the match which touched it off.

When gazing in your lover's eyes,
How soon his sense of rapture dies
If there's no sweetness in your breath;
If by your failing teeth be shown
That SOZODONT to you's unknown,
And that your mouth is suffering death.

D. Lucey, formerly day man at Cline's restaurant, is back from Chicago, where he was employed in Thompson's restaurant.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Great Britain, with 38,000,000 people spends as much for intoxicating beverages as the United States with 65,000,000. But her bequests for religious, educational and charitable purposes, exclusive of Baron Hirsch's benefactions, reached $15,000,000, as against $4,000,000 in the United States.

BLIND Chinese have now a chance at literature. It is touching to think of the work of the unassumed Scotch missionary, W. H. Murray, who has reduced the 4,000 symbols representing syllables of the Chinese language to 408 characters representing sounds. The miserable condition of the blind in China has made Mr. Murray's long task a labor of love.

Ink stains are so frequent that every one at times desires something to remove them. To remove them from linen rub the spots while wet (if stains are old wet with water) with tartaric acid; to remove them from silk, saturate the spot with spirits of turpentine; after a few hours rub the spot, and the ink stain will crumble away without injuring the fabric.

ONE of the interesting exhibits of the World's Fair will be that of Col. George L. Gillespie, of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A., who is in charge of the defenses of New York harbor. He proposes to display a collection of models showing the harbor and river improvements of recent years. At this time, when general interest is being manifested in river and harbor improvements and inland transportation facilities, this will be a very instructive exhibit.

The statistics of electric railways are expanding at a great rate. About five hundred street railroads in the United States and Canada are operated by electricity, a gain of nearly two hundred in two years, and fully equal to one half of the total railway system of America. The investments in these roads have passed the $200,000,000 mark, but give no indications of falling off to a lower rate of increase. In February, 1891, the investments were estimated at $50,000,000, and in 1887 there were only thirteen electric roads working throughout the entire country.

IN answer to a question as to whether, in view of the fact that he had some connection with the Boston Cremation society, he intended to have his own body cremated, President Eliot, of Harvard, recently said: "No, I shall not be cremated. I subscribed for a share in the corporation, but it does not follow from that that I shall be incinerated. I have purchased a lot in a certain burying ground and shall be interred in the usual manner. Still, I believe that cremation is a good thing, especially in time of an epidemic, and encourage the movement."

MR. CRAMP, the ship builder, has many interesting things to say in the New York World with respect to the Gould yacht. It has been reported that the vessel cost $350,000. Mr. Cramp, who built it, says it cost $200,000. That is about as near as popular rumor usually come to exact figures. But there is some costly furniture on board with a history. One piece was carved to order. The bill for the carving was $30,000. It was presented timidly, in expectation of wrath, but Gould quietly drew his check for the amount and then drew another check for $3,000 and handed it to the maker of the furniture without a word. The moral of this story seems to be that even Jay Gould had occasional spasms of liberality when the game had gone his way in Wall street.

Few people who have not kept house in Germany or Austria-Hungary know what a solving of the transportation problem it is for the post to deliver C. O. D. packages. The Postal Union does this throughout the countries mentioned. For farmers and the dwellers in town and village it is a great blessing. The post takes almost everything; for instance, one orders poultry, hams, honey, butter, fruit (in baskets), fresh fish, etc., from localities as far apart as the Black Forest, the North Sea and the middle of Hungary. The cost of transportation is usually 15 cents, never over 20. One sees the handy yellow wagons in nearly every street of all the towns and cities delivering parcels; in the village it is a yellow hand-cart, and among the mountains the uniformed postman is loaded with bundles.

THE latest news of the cholera in Europe shows that the danger of an invasion from it next summer is by no means chimerical and that the precautions taken or urged on this side are not objectionable on the score of being unnecessary. New cases and deaths continue to be announced in Hamburg in number great enough to render that port an object of vigilant scrutiny. The Russian returns of the epidemic are surprising by their magnitude. Statistics are not well kept in Russia, nor is the standard of medical knowledge high. The distinction between "European" and "Asiatic" cholera in the reports is very possibly without foundation. In any case, the total of 263,160 deaths is appalling. It behooves us, warns the New York Times, not only to take every means of keeping cholera out, but to make sure that it shall find no convenient breeding places even if it gains admittance.

CONVICT labor on state roads is advocated by Mr. Charles F. C. Smith, a leading citizen of Leavenworth, Kans., who thus outlines his plan: He proposes that the labor needed for the permanent improvement of roads shall be furnished by the convicts in the penitentiary at Lansing. His plan provides for a road-engineer, who shall make specifications for a road system which makes all State roads uniform in character. When all is in readiness for labor, the convicts are to be divided into squads of such size as seems practicable. They will then be taken to the section of the State where roads are to be built and housed in temporary barracks erected for the purpose. They will work on the roads in the spring, summer, and fall, when they will be returned to Lansing and employed in manufacturing clothing and the implements needed in the road work. Mr. Smith would make all road taxes payable in money and have them turned over to the State to be used in defraying the expense of guarding and feeding the convicts.

The Demon of Choke-damp.

Thanks to men like Valentine, this idea of the interference of Satan and his minions with the mining industry was gradually weakened, and the working of the deserted mines was resumed; yet, even at a comparatively recent period, we find it still lingering, and among leading divines in the very heart of Protestant Germany. In 1715 a collar-digger having been stifled at Jena, the medical faculty of the university decided that the cause was not the direct action of the devil, but a deadly gas. Thereupon Professor Loescher, of the University of Wittenberg, entered a solemn protest, declaring that the decision of the medical faculty was "only a proof of the lamentable license which has so taken possession of us, and which, if we are not earnestly on our guard, will finally turn away from us the blessing of God." But denunciations of this kind could not hold back the little army of science. In the last half of the eighteenth century Black, Priestley, and especially Bergmann, rooted out the very foundations of the whole theological theory, and one more phantom which had long troubled the earth was at last driven forth forever.—Popular Science Monthly [illegible]

SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS!

Presented to the Wabash College at Crawfordsville.

Friends of higher education have great reason to rejoice over the liberality of wealthy men who are endowing chairs, libraries and fellowships in our colleges and universities. Mr. Simon Yandes, of Indianapolis, is one of Indiana's most liberal donors to educational institutions. To his already large endowments to Wabash college he now adds $30,000, making a total of $150,000 to this college. The last gift was made with the provision that the alumni and friends of the college give an equal amount, which has been raised, and thus $60,000 added to the working fund of one of Indiana's oldest and most efficient schools. That this money, and all other money invested there, will find wise employment may be assured. The new president, Dr. Burroughs, is a man of great intellectual attainments and grand Christian principles. He is making friends wherever he goes and has great esteem and admiration from the students and alumni of Wabash. That he will do much for higher education in Indiana is certain.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist, and get a Trial Bottle Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at Dreier & Bro's drugstore.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive, you have a Billious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at Dreier & Brother's drug store, 50c per bottle.

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The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

A DETROIT rabbi preached a sermon on "How to Reconstruct American Home Life." One way is to begin early and use a slipper.

The First Law of Nature.

This self-preservation is acknowledged to be, and people who adopt against the encroaches of disease a genuine medicinal safeguard, accredited by experience and the sanction of physicians, afford a happy illustration of the wisdom of the saying. In the health they restore and continue and enjoy. Among maladies, against the growth of which Hostetter's stomach bitters is an efficient protection, diseases of the kidneys and bladder are fraught with the utmost peril and exhibit great obstinacy when opposed by ordinary means. The bitters can and will subdue them. No testimony is stronger than this. Used at the outset and persistently, the best results may be expected. This medicine also eradicates liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, malaria, rheumatism and nervousness.

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"My plantation is in a malarial district, where fever and ague prevailed. I employ 150 hands; frequently half of them were sick. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of

Tutt's Pills

The result was marvelous. My men became strong and hearty, and I have had no further trouble. With these pills, I would not fear to live in any swamp." E. RIVAL, Bayou Sara, La.

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THE SIDE ROD BREAKS

And Engineer Michael McCarthy is Injured.

Accidents, Incidents and Personal Mention as Revealed by the Reporter's Note Book.

Michael McCarthy, the popular Nickel Plate engineer, narrowly escaped death last night. A heavy cap saved him. The story as told by Mr. McCarthy is as follows:

He was bringing the second section of freight train No. 34 down from Stony Island. At Argus he was held three hours for other trains, which were delayed, to pass and while there the water in the engine boiler ran low. Engineer McCarthy cut his engine from the train and started for Tippecanoe to take on a supply of water. While running along at the rate of about twenty-five miles per hour both siderods broke and the pieces attached to the drivers came up through the cab, knocking Mr. McCarthy from his seat and inflicting a cross-shaped wound on his forehead. The blow stunned him, but he had presence of mind sufficient to shut off the steam and jump from the engine. He was also considerably bruised about the body and was so badly injured that he could not walk. The accident happened two miles west of Tippecanoe, near the residence of Farmer Morarity, at 7 o'clock. That gentleman heard the unusual noise made by the rods as they hammered the cab to pieces, and went out to see what was the matter. When he found that Engineer McCarthy was injured, he aided Fireman Meyers in carrying the wounded man to the house and gave him every attention until medical aid arrived from Tippecanoe. No. 2 stopped at the farm house this morning and Engineer McCarthy was placed aboard, brought to this city and taken to his home, No. 165 West Superior street, where he is now confined to his bed. His injuries are painful, but not serious, and he will undoubtedly be about as usual in a week or two. Mr. McCarthy wore a heavy cloth cap, which was cut by the blow, and this probably saved his life. The side rods broke off both feed pipes and allowed the steam and water to escape from the boiler. The cab was completely demolished and the engine was stripped of all its attachments within the reach of the rods. Mr. McCarthy feels grateful to Farmer Morarity and his wife for their kindness in his behalf. The engine was No. 17, which was taken into the Stony Island shops for repairs.

BRIEF MENTION.

Mrs. Sweeney, wife of the Pittsburg engineer, is sick.

Mrs. John Akin, wife of Conductor Akin, of the Nickel Plate, is quite sick.

Boilermaker A. Ewald, of the Pittsburg, is out slaughtering rabbits today.

Henry Mennewish, a machinist in the Pittsburg shops, is sick and off duty.

John Rost is on the sick list today. He is employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

Neuralgia of the face keeps W. Krudop from his labors in the Pittsburg lumber yards.

H. Geerken is repairing some machinery for the Pennsylvania company at Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

A gang of street car employes were out all last night with the large sweeper cleaning the snow off the track.

Brakeman J. R. Forst has returned to his duties on the Nickel Plate, having recovered from his recent illness.

Brakemen H. P. Lacey and E. E. Denny, of the Nickel Plate, have returned to their work after being on the sick list.

Brakeman Craighead has reported for duty, after having been on the sick list nearly a month. He is employed on the Nickel Plate.

Nickel Plate Brakeman J. R. Meyers, who was spending a vacation at Bellevue, Ohio, has returned to the city and his duties on the road.

R. E. White has returned to his work on the Nickel Plate, after spending a few days in taking in the sights at Chicago. He is a brakeman.

Conductor Phipps is taking a lay off. Conductors C. W. and Thomas Bell and R. F. Miller have reported for duty. All are employed on the Nickel Plate.

John Nolan, machinist in the Pittsburg shops, who was injured a week ago, is now able to walk without a crutch. He will return to his work in a few days.

Mrs. James Short, who was the guest of relatives in this city for a week, left for her home in Stony Island this afternoon. Mr. Short is an engineer on the Nickel Plate.

Frank Gruber went up to Fremont, Ind., this morning to do some work for the Bass company. G. Bings has gone to Chicago to set up a smoke stack for the same firm.

Mrs. William Watterson, who was convalescing after a long illness, has suffered a relapse and her condition is again critical. The lady's friends will read this with regret. Mr. Watterson is a conductor on the Nickel Plate.

The Ladies' auxiliary of Erie division No. 16, O. R. C., of Huntington, are going to give a grand masquerade ball in February. Handsomely printed invitations to the ball have been received by a number of Fort Wayne members of the order and several have declared their intention of attending.

Sickness in the family of J. Manok keeps that gentleman from his duties in the Pittsburg boiler shop.

Ben Weyer has returned to his duties in the Pittsburg copper shop after a pleasant visit with relatives at Delphos.

Machinist Louis Altevoght, who has been on the sick list, returned to his duties in the Bass machine shops this morning.

Gus Dotnte, who resigned a position in the Pittsburg planing mills several weeks ago, has returned to that establishment.

P. Zuber, formerly of the Fort Wayne Iron works, has taken a position in the Pittsburg machine shop under Foreman Hugh Hogan.

Rhinesmith & Simonson are running their factory only eight hours per day at present. The new rule is only temporary or until the weather modifies.

A number of the Pittsburg car shop boys went twelve miles out in the country last night. The severe weather interfered greatly with the pleasures of the trip.

Yesterday Charley Muellenbrook resigned his position at the factory of Rhinesmith & Simonson, acting upon the advice of his physician. He is in poor health.

L. J. Manors, who recently resigned his position in the Pittsburg machine shop, left last night for the west. He called at the shops yesterday to bid farewell to his friends.

Six men were added to the force of workmen in the Pittsburg lumber yards this morning. They are W. Minick, H. Kaiser, G. D. Kellogg, W. Doctor, F. Leidolf and L. Nord. Work in this department is very brisk.

Mrs. Louis Balser left today for Stony Island to join her husband, who is running a switch engine in the Nickel Plate yards at that point. Mr. Balser has recently been transferred from the yards in this city to those at the western terminal.

There are twelve locomotives in the Pittsburg shops at present, undergoing repairs. Also one new class X is under construction. Those taken in last week for repairs are Nos. 247, 87, 216, 50 and 9, and those turned out after repairs were 351 and 128.

David Andrews will soon be at his usual occupation again—that of running a drill machine in the Pittsburg boiler shop, a position he has held for over thirty years. This will be good news to the shopmen. Mr. Andrews has been sick for two months.

Pittsburg round house report: Engineer H. Kolker, sick; Engineer A. J. Kohler, cinders in eye; Firemen A. W. Slagle and J. B. Ryan, sick. Returned to work after sickness: Firemen N. Hayes, D. L. Mason, J. McIntyre, P. H. Hartnett, C. A. Snyder and H. Bolinger.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers have accepted an invitation to attend the entertainment to be given by the Pythian Sisters on the evening of January 10. The auxiliary will meet in its hall and march in a body to the Pythian Sisters' hall.

Peter E. Cavenaugh, the engineer killed by the explosion of his locomotive, on the Monon road, some days ago, began service in 1890 as a fireman on the Nickel Plate road, running from this city to Stony Island. He was familiarly known as "Neil" and "Con" Cavenaugh.

W. R. Burnie, who was killed on the Pittsburg road, near Lima, Sunday night, will probably be buried tomorrow. THE SENTINEL reporter made inquiries at Superintendent Law's office, of the trainmen who came in from the east today, and elsewhere, but nobody seemed to know anything definite about the funeral. It will take place at Crestline, however, and probably tomorrow afternoon. Burnie was a member of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association, and his widow and child will receive from this source $500.

Colonel Geary has again come to the rescue of the needy. February 3 he will give a benefit for the widows' and orphans' fund of the Mechecanocqua Tribe of the Order of Red men. All the Pittsburg shopmen are deeply interested in this matter, as it is understood that the receipts will go to the widow and children of one of their former shopmates. Every laboring man should buy one or more tickets, according to the state of their finances, and thus help to swell the amount of the purse Mr. Geary has so generously offered to make.

The Indianapolis News has the following concerning an organization that is very strong in this city: "A strong fight is to be made against the volunteer relief fund of the Pennsylvania railroad in the present legislature. It is to be made principally by organizations on other railroads and insurance companies. A lobby has already arrived to urge legislation against it. Conductor 'Nick' Bennett, of the Louisville division, said last evening: 'If the members of the legislature could see some of the homes in which the relief fund has brought plenty, where there would have been want, or talk with some of the widows or orphans the fund has saved from suffering, I don't believe they would try to break it up.'"

"LOOK UP, and not down," if you're a suffering woman. Every one of the bodily troubles that come to women only has a guaranteed cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That will bring you safe and certain help.

It's a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and it builds up and invigorates the entire female system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

For ulcerations, displacements, bearing-down sensations, periodical pains, and all "female complaints" and weaknesses, "Favorite Prescription" is the only guaranteed remedy. If it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

In every case of Catarrh that seems hopeless, you can depend upon Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a cure.

It's proprietors are so sure of it that they'll pay $500 cash for any incurable case. Sold by all druggists.

HOW DEMOCRACY WON.

MANNER OF CONDUCTING THE LATE CAMPAIGN.

The Western Branch of the Democratic National Committee and How It Did Its Work—A Recital from Which Politicians May Gather Hints.

A Campaign of Education.

[Chicago correspondence.]

When a great political victory has been gained [illegible], the victors seek some individual upon whom to lavish their praise for the result. Thus, when the late political revolution left only scattered remnants of a once formidable—and a once honored—party, there were those who [illegible] to the strategy of single minds who had organized victory for the people. But as the glow of enthusiasm settles into

BEN T. CABLE.

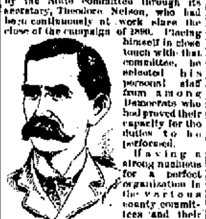
the calmer study of the campaign, its results and its possibilities, thought of minds look deeper and discover that praise is due rather for the organization of the people for victory than for the organizing of victory for the people.

The political revolution in Illinois is worthy of study by all who would take part in American politics. A generation had passed away since the people of Illinois had elected a Democratic governor. Illinois Democrats had so long been accustomed to nominate candidates for State offices only to meet defeat that they had come to look upon the quadrennial struggle as one of the efforts to be made to preserve their organization. Other Western States had, in off years, rebuked the dominant party by electing Democrats to office, but the fierce heat of a Presidential election had always fused the old elements and given the electoral vote to the party of monopoly.

Into the campaign of 1892 the Democrats brought a new factor. They appreciated the impossibility of conducting the contest in the west from a headquarters on the Atlantic coast. To aid the State organizations of the west a branch of the National Democratic Committee was established in Chicago. The work of that branch was to cooperate with the local committees and bring to the polls the largest possible Democratic army. Let those who have believed that the result in Illinois was due alone to the work of one man or one committee during the short campaign of nine weeks note the progress of the contest as it developed at the western headquarters. Let those who have despaired of American institutions because of the power lodged with a federal administration note how easily the people triumphed when a fair issue had been presented and a campaign marked out in which they were to be trusted. But let no one imagine that the purpose of this recital is to detract one iota from the praise lavished upon the active head of the western committee. It is to belittle his work to say that he carried Illinois. It is his due to record the fact that he helped show the people of Illinois how to overthrow the entrenched Republican party. The name of Ben T. Cable has been upon many tongues. Those best appreciate his services to the nation who understand the nature of the campaign he marked out and carried to a successful conclusion.

Head of the Committee.

Ben T. Cable is still a new hand in the Democratic army. Not yet forty years of age, he has achieved what is called political success, rather through his keen insight into popular thought than by the arts of the merely practical politician. He entered Congress as the successful candidate from a Republican stronghold after a campaign in which there had been a signal lack of bombast and red fire. Studying the result of his effort in a Congressional district, he believed it could be extended over the State and into other States. He believed the people were tired of excessive taxation, and that, on the issue presented by the Chicago convention, they would rally to the support of the Democratic party. He appreciated the nature of the contest and the necessity of utilizing every possible factor for its accomplishment. There remained but two months for work when his committee had organized and chosen their headquarters. So far as the contest in Illinois was concerned, he had the advantage of work already done by the State committee through its secretary, Theodore Nelson, who had been continuously at work since the close of the campaign of 1890. Placing himself in close touch with that committee, he selected his personal staff from among Democrats who had proved their capacity for the duties to be performed.



W. J. MIZE.

Having a strong nucleus for a perfect organization in the various county committees and their appointees in townships and school districts, Mr. Cable determined to extend this into every precinct in the State. Nearly half a million voters were to be reached. The task was herculean, and a veritable Hercules of organization was chosen in the person of the secretary of the committee, Mr. W. J. Mize, formerly for many years secretary of the Illinois State Democratic Committee. Mr. Mize demonstrated as the campaign progressed his full sympathy with the plan of work marked out. He is not given to fuss or feathers. He cares little for the old-fashioned methods of campaigning. Taking the lists of county chairmen furnished by the secretary of the State Committee, his first work was to send to each a personal letter asking for the names of the local committeemen, and assuring each that the committee had determined to make a vigorous effort to carry the State. The responses came with encouraging promptness, and those who lagged were reminded by urgent appeals for haste. Then other letters were drafted and sent to the school district and precinct committeemen calling for active canvass of their localities. Soon a communication was sent to the school district and precinct committeemen asking for the names of Democrats of the various professions and industries.

Then there flowed to the Secretary's desk piles of letters opening a new field for correspondence. The old workers were urged to give their time to the cause. New recruits were advised to consult at once with the chairmen of their local committee and place themselves at their disposal for actual campaigning. Men who had been prominent as speakers were asked to correspond with the headquarters for assignment. Those of less note were urged to devote themselves to work in school-house meetings.

Letters Came by Hundreds.

Every mail brought proof that the people were interested and that the cry of a listless campaign was due only to the lack of interest in the senseless parades which had formerly characterized Presidential contests. Before the close of September thousands of Democrats had signified their willingness to aid in the work. The canvass showed large accessions to the party and few losses. The intelligence was promptly sent to every correspondent and a new series of letters issued marking out the work for October. A new canvass and a more extended work in district meetings was planned for the closing month. Before the middle of October more than 50,000 enthusiastic letters had been received and answered. It was already apparent to the committee that they had properly reckoned the factors in the contest. The celebration of the dedicatory exercises of the World's Fair brought to the city representative Democrats from all over the State and nation. They saw the work that had been done, and returned to their homes inspired with the confidence of victory.

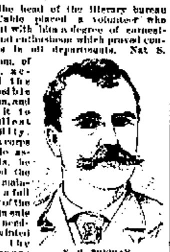
Toward the close of October the committee addressed itself to the work of securing the attendance of every voter at the polls. For this purpose letters were sent to active Democrats in all parts of the State, asking for still greater sacrifices for the cause. The preliminary correspondence had been fruitful of good results. The answers to these last appeals dispelled every possible doubt as to the result.

This active correspondence was continued until the last days of the campaign. The responses were such as to impress upon the committee the propriety of conveying to the workers throughout the State the gratifying intelligence coming to headquarters too late for further use of the mails. Therefore, on Monday, the day before election, over fifteen hundred telegrams were sent to correspondents in the State. The event justified the course, as from all directions have come assurances that the workers were thus inspired to renewed efforts.

The above outlines the work of organization. From it resulted enormous demands for campaign literature. This demand came from men who showed their intelligence and zeal by explaining just what they needed in their localities. Some asked for arguments to demonstrate to farmers the methods by which they had been robbed under plea of protection. Others wished to have further proof for workingmen in factories that the enhancement of the cost of the material upon which their labor was expended must necessarily decrease the possible return to labor and capital employed in production.

The Literary Bureau.

At the head of the literary bureau Mr. Cable placed a volunteer who brought with him a degree of earnestness and enthusiasm which proved contagious in all departments. Nat S. Brigham, of Utah, accepted the responsible position, and filled it to the fullest possibility. With a corps of able assistants, he planned the work, maintained a full supply of the documents most needed, reprinted from the newspapers such short and pithy arguments as he deemed most useful in the campaign, and to the last day of the contest made the document-room look like a section of a metropolitan postoffice.



N. S. BRIGHAM.

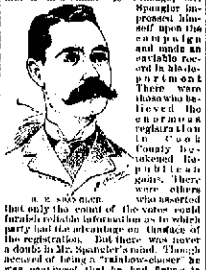
And there was still another department over which Mr. Cable had the good fortune to place one perfectly fitted to the arduous task. It was known that large numbers of Democrats and of persons inclined to support the principles of the party were still unnaturalized. They had come to look upon a political contest in Illinois as hopeless and neglected taking out their final papers. To reach these persons, even

HOW THE WORK WAS DONE.

in Cook county alone, involved unceasing effort, and could only be well performed by one as faithful, honest and reliable as he was intelligent and untiring. For this most important position Mr. Cable selected a Democrat tried in other positions and never found wanting. Mr. Renben E. Spangler had come to Chicago, from McDonough County, and here had taken up the work for his party with the enthusiasm which had characterized his efforts in a less populous community. It was his duty to note the work of the local committeemen and to see that ways and means were provided for bringing out every voter to be naturalized and registered.

Figures That Were Verified.

Though a comparatively young man and a new-comer to Chicago, Mr. Spangler impressed himself upon the campaign and made an enviable record in his department. There were those who believed the enormous registration in Cook County betokened Republican gains. There were others who asserted



R. E. SPANGLER.

that only the count of the votes could furnish reliable information as to which party had the advantage on the face of the registration. But there was never a doubt in Mr. Spangler's mind. Though accused of being a "rainbow-chaser" he was convinced that he had figures to prove his assertion that the Democrats would have over 20,000 majority in Cook County. And on election night, as the returns began to come in from the city precincts, "Spangler's figures" were verified. He had been only too conservative in his estimate of the always large doubtful vote.

There were sights worth seeing during the closing weeks and days of the campaign. In the Secretary's room thirty typewriters rattled continuously under the deft fingers of young women who seemed in this to compensate for their lack of power at the ballot-box. They were addressing the circular letters to tens of thousands of Democrats in the State. Piles of the letters were constantly being brought to their desks and other piles removed for stamping and mailing.

In this recital men of all parties may gather some hints as to what will be the best methods of conducting future campaigns. Here is marked the decadence of "Bamboula clubs" and brass band politics. The country is now interested in the solution of economic questions. Let it be recorded that, by his early recognition of this fact and his courage in acting upon his conviction, Ben Cable has earned a large share of the gratitude bestowed by sensible folk long since disgusted with Chinese methods in American politics.

Alaska Fur Co
AMERICA'S FOREMOST FURRIERS
CHICAGO, ILL.

We show more styles in
Sealskin Garments
than all other fur houses in Chicago combined.
Our SOUVENIR CATALOGUE, showing our exclusive styles, mailed on application.

Happiness and Duty.

Happiness passes away leaving hardly a single trace behind, and can often indeed scarcely be called happiness, seeing nothing lasting has been gained by it. Unhappiness also passes away (and that is a great consolation), but leaves deep traces behind, and, if we know how to improve them, most wholesome ones, purifying and strengthening, and frequently productive of the highest happiness. Then in life it is worthy of peculiar remark, that when we are not too solicitous as to happiness, or the want of it, but devote ourselves to the strict and unsparing fulfillment of duty, then happiness comes of itself—yes, even arises from a life of troubles and anxieties and privations. I have often seen this verified in the case of women who were very unfortunate in their conjugal relations, but who would rather have perished than dreamt of forsaking their duty.

Today

Hood's Sarsaparilla stands at the head in the medicine world, admired in prosperity and envied in merit by thousands of would-be competitors. It has a larger sale than any other medicine. Such success could not be won without positive merit.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

BISHOP NEWMAN says that "from the foundation of our Government the Sabbath day has been regarded as an American institution." It certainly was not an American institution for the 1,500 years between the birth of Christ and the celebrated transoceanic expedition of Mr. Columbus.

Humbug.

It's sound old fashion, and expresses just what you mean, after having purchased something of no account. Now there is no humbug about Simmons' Liver Regulator. Some imitation or substitute may be offered you instead, but none will give the relief from Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Billiousness like the genuine Simmons' Liver Regulator. You know it by the Z on every package, and the relief it gives.

"SHOLLIGOSTER" is not a new word, unless the duration of an average lifetime counts for nothing in the age of a word. It certainly came into being before "skedaddle" did, and is, perhaps, fully as expressive and musical.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE Khan of Khiva is to visit London during the coming summer. Chicago should lay out a well-baited hook to get him over here. The Fair will need something like a real live khan to overawe the woman managers.

Do Not be Deceived.

Persons with weak lungs—those who are constantly catching cold—should wear an ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER over the chest and another between the shoulder blades during cold weather. Remember they always strengthen and never weaken the part to which they are applied. Do not be deceived by imagining any other plaster like them—they are not—may look it, but looks deceive. Insist always on having ALLCOCK'S, the only reliable plaster ever produced.

Simple Method of Removing Wrinkles.

It is easier to remove wrinkles than to eradicate any other defect of the face and yet we daily see many faces, otherwise beautiful, rendered prematurely old by that shrinkage of the tissue we call wrinkles. A simple, but positive, treatment is Marquard's Rose Cream, which not only disperses wrinkles speedily but also removes pimples, blotches, eruptions and lends an exquisite glow and transparency to the complexion. For sale by Meyer Bros. & Co., 9 West Columbia street.

Page's Climax Salve is truly the woman's friend, as no woman can have broken breasts or sore nipples while she uses this salve. Try it.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. Seventy-five cents. Sold and guaranteed by C. B. Woodworth & Co., Druggists, Fort Wayne, Indiana. dec2d&w 3 mo

Money to loan on farm and city property.
12-1mo C. E. EVERETT.

Tressell's Hungarian Process and Silver Dollar Flour are the best in the market. Take no other. Also "Pillsbury's Best," Springwheat Patent. all-1m

E. J. GOLDEN.

Clearing Sale!

Commencing Monday, January 9, we will sell all Winter Goods at a Sacrifice to make room for our Immense Spring Stock.

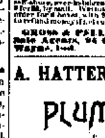
CHOICE BARGAINS IN

Outing Shirts,
Children's Waists,
Percale Shirts,
Winter Caps,
Gloves and Mittens,
Hats,
Woolen Hosiery,

And many other things. Call and convince yourselves, at

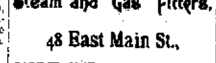
E. J. GOLDEN,
56 CALHOUN STREET.

OTTO S. KLINKENBERG, Druggist,
[illegible] CALHOUN STREET.
Has secured from the manufacturers the EXCLUSIVE AGENCY for the sale of
TANSILL'S PUNCH 5c
in the city of Ft. Wayne.
[illegible]
THE R. W. TANSILL CO., Manufacturers,
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO.



Hello! Hello!
[illegible]
HEINE & ISRAEL,
[illegible]

NEW LIFE



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A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters,
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

ROBERT SPICE.
WATERWORKS AND GENERAL PLUMBING
Natural Gas Fitting.
[illegible]
48 W. Main St. - Telephone 261

ROBERT OGDEN,
Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting. Metropolitan Automatic Injector.
General Repairing.
20 EAST BERRY ST.

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

The Celebrated Standard Sewing Machine.
[illegible]
PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
Telephone No. 86.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.

The Paper on Which "The Sentinel" is Printed is Furnished by
FISHER BROTHERS.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PAPER
Of All Kinds.
STATIONERY, ETC.
125 CALHOUN STREET,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.
[illegible]

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time

[illegible]

TIME TABLE

[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.

[illegible]

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

[illegible]

HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS.

Lake Erie Western R. R.

FORT WAYNE, CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE R. R.
(Natural Gas Route.)
WILL SELL FOR THE
Christmas & New Year Holidays,
Excursion Tickets between all Stations on its line at the very low rate of
ONE AND ONE-THIRD
FARE FOR THE
ROUND TRIP!

Tickets will be sold on December 24, 25, 26 and 31, 1892, and January 1 and 2, 1893, limited going to date of sale and good returning up to and including January 5, 1893.

For tickets, rates, time and general information, call on any ticket agent of the above route, or address,

C. F. DALY,
H. C. PARKER, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
Traffic Manager.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Larger Quarters.
Better Accommodations
—AND—
More Private.

THE
BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE,
For the cure of
Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco Habit,
Has been moved to
544 South Calhoun St.

Where patients can be treated and cured. Any one can be treated and attend to their daily occupation at the same time.

Men that have been slaves to the use of alcoholic stimulants for the past ten, fifteen or twenty years, have no desire for whisky after taking the treatment for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, and have a fearful horror for the miserable fate they have escaped.

Call or address,
BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

I have removed to Corner Lewis and Calhoun Streets (opposite Library Hall).

James Madden,
Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

[illegible]

FOR RENT!
After January 1st, 1893.
For a Period of Five Or Ten Years.
The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Millinery Store.
CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

[illegible]

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP

[illegible]

WAH KEE & CO.,
Importers of
Fine Teas, China and Japan Goods.
Fine Laundry Work.
No. 8 West Wayne Street,
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

THE LINEN SALE

OPENED

WELL!

And it's going to be so right on to the close.

We are are going to give Houseperping Linens at this sale at LOWER PRICES than has ever before been given in this city. We had expected no such a rash on such a stormy day, but hosekeepers know that

ROOT'S LINEN SALES ARE TO BE RELIED UPON.

We Hadn't Expected to Give Quite so Good

A MARSEILLES QUILT

AT THE PRICES NAMED

On the Red Ticket. We had them packed away just for this sale and on opening these Big Quilts, knew we had a surprise.

$1.23, $1.48, $1.93.

Then there's rattlers at 73 and 88c. and some very extra choice ones at $2.48, $2.93, $3.53 and $4.38.

But The NAPKIN TABLE

Lays out all sales ever known. Just notice when you pick a package up how fine and what goods sizes they are, even to the very low priced ones.

Tomorrow we will add to the sale piles of

GREAT BIG TOWELS,

Just arrived; been snowbound. This morning came the big lot of Hemmed Towels and Bath Towels. Everybody will want a pair of the Bath, and don't forget with the bath, three cakes of that good Buttermilk Soap for 25c.

GENTLEMEN

Will find some big bargains in the Cloth Department. Cloths have the RED TICKET on, too.

Sales Going on All Over the Store.

ROOT & COMPANY.

S. A. Plumb, deputy supreme commander of the Knights of the Maccabees, is in the city for the purpose of instituting a tent of that order. Any members of the order now in the city please drop a card to 290 Calhoun street.

Mr. Saul Stellhorn, who has been the guest of his sister, Mrs. H. C. Nister, of Maples, for the past week, returned to Fort Wayne Saturday and is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Smith, of Lombard street.

Nebraska will have a good team of base ball players this summer. The tossers will be: Frank Schmuck, captain; John McCarthy, short stop; Liggott, pitcher; Brownsburger, catcher; Switzer, first base; Asla Schmuck, third base; Frank Dallan, left field; George Erhman, center field; Jim Greer, right field; Ed. Fenstel, pitcher; Sam Miner, manager.

The fine sleighing is detracting largely from the attendance at the theatres.

Everything Comes

To Those Who Wait.

For the next sixty days we will make heroic efforts to close out the balance of our winter stock. Profits and cost will not be taken into consideration, our only aim being to reduce our large stock of winter goods, of every description.

WINTER OVERCOATS

For Men, Boys and Children

Must be disposed of at some price.

Heavy Weight Suits

Of every kind must go.

WINTER UNDERWEAR

Has not escaped the knife and general slaughter.

PANTS! PANTS! PANTS!

For the men, the boys and the small youngsters, will be sold at closing prices.

Don't purchase anything in our line until you have given us a look.

Sam, Pete & Max.

Fort Wayne Sentinel

TUESDAY, JAN. 10, 1893.

☞Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery irregular or late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Wednesday—For Indiana: Fair, warmer Wednesday; northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

FRESH LOCAL LINES.

H. C. Olds is at Burlington, Iowa.

Miss Clara Fry, of Walton avenue, is quite ill.

Hear the Italian band at the Press club benefit tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Walters, of Houston avenue, have returned from a southern trip.

Mrs. C. O. Thompson, of Brockton, N. Y., is visiting her parents at 22 Boone street.

St. Paul's Lutheran church last evening elected Charles Pape trustee for the ensuing year.

Mrs. Willis Scott, of Chicago, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sarah Zeigler, of East Wayne street.

The Philharmonic club will hold a rehearsal this evening. The club is preparing for an entertainment.

Frank Stone, the traveling man, who has been ill for a week, was able to go out on his usual trip yesterday.

Dr. Dills yesterday operated upon Mrs. George Doctor, an aged lady of Marion township, for cataract of the eye.

Miss Alice Campion goes to Logansport today to attend the jubilee of her uncle, Very Rev. Matthew Campion, at Logansport.

Mrs. G. B. Stemen, of West Main street, who has been suffering for some time with muscular rheumatism, is now convalescing.

Railroad department Y. M. C. A. cottage meeting this evening, at the residence of William Beattie, No. 505 South Calhoun street.

The officers of the Union Veteran legion and the officers of the Ladies Auxiliary were installed last evening with appropriate exercises.

Revival services are still in progress at the St. Paul M. E. church, Walton avenue. They will continue day services at 2 p. m. All are cordially invited.

Preaching every night at 8 p. m. at Free Methodist church, 268 East Creighton avenue, by Pastor Edward Mathews. Song service at 7:30. Come over and help us whosoever will.

The following is the weekly report of Officer Reed, of the Humane society: Children, neglected, 5; beaten, 2; homeless, 1; improper homes, 3; animals, tortured, 2; deprived of food, 1; cases remedied without prosecution, 2; not substantiated, 1; warned, 4.

Frohman's "Gloriana" was presented at the Temple last night, as only a Frohman can present a play. In spite of the stormy weather, a very fine audience greeted the actors, and all were well repaid for having attended. "Gloriana" is a sprightly comedy of three acts, each one replete with amusing situations.

Rev. Welch has commenced a series of meetings at Simpson M. E. church, on the south side. Last night the spirit of the Lord was manifested in great power. The meetings will continue every evening at 7:30 and at 2 o'clock each afternoon. Every person is invited to come.

At the meeting of the Morton club held last evening the following officers were elected to serve during the coming year: President, Elmer Leonard; vice president, Frank Smaltz; second vice president, H. C. Moderwell; third vice president, P. F. Tolrson; fourth vice president, H. F. Harper; corresponding secretary, George D. Adams; financial secretary, A. T. Lukens; treasurer, C. R. Higgins; directors, D. N. Foster, R. S. Robertson, J. W. Hayden, J. M. Moderwell and Gustave Detzer.

Barbers' union, No. 14, held an important meeting last evening and elected officers as follows: President, E. R. Robinson; vice president, C. C. Shelton; secretary and treasurer, H. Holman; financial secretary, F. H. Schlink; guide, G. P. Keller; guardian, George Oppelt; trustees H. P. Lauer, William Wilder, R. Brerand; delegates to trades and labor council, John Brunskill, F. L. Holmes, E. R. Robinson, S. W. McClelland and Gust Keller. Henry Williams was initiated to membership and two applications were acted upon. The barbers' grand ball will occur next Tuesday evening at Schroeder's hall.

Twelve insane prisoners are confined within the walls of the prison south. Two of them are vicious and desperate men, and with difficulty are they restrained from acts of personal violence. One of them is known as "Governor David B. Hill." He caries the time by screaming and singing and delivering political speeches, and he is an orator of no mean ability. Sam Hemminger is another insane convict. For nine years he has spoken to no one, not even to the warden. The prison management will petition the legislature to amend the law so that special wardens can be provided in the regular hospitals for the care of insane convicts.

At a large meeting of citizens held on Saturday at Wabash steps were taken for the organization of a Law and Order League, to secure the more rigid enforcement of the laws governing the sale of liquors and cigarettes in Wabash. There have been many open violations of the license law, especially in the way of selling to minors, and it is to ferret out offending saloon-keepers and bring them to justice that the society will be organized. Speeches were made at the meeting by all the ministers and many prominent citizens, and a committee of eleven was appointed to draft by-laws and a constitution and outline a plan of action. Another meeting will be held the present week.

Sheriff Clausmeier and Walter Gerberding today took Albert Byers to the Richmond asylum.

Mrs. Charles Zeigler, of 252 West Superior street, is entertaining a party of lady friends this afternoon.

The thermometer at the police station, at 6 o'clock this morning, registered seven degrees below zero.

There was one drunk in police court this morning. He gave his name as Oscar Beach and was fined $3 and costs.

W. H. Forbaugh, of Tiffin, Ohio, is visiting friends in this city. Mr. Forbaugh was a former resident of Fort Wayne, and at one time employed by the Indiana Machine works.

The Wabash Plain Dealer says: "Messrs. Gus Kuhn and, Henry Wolf, accompanied by Misses Carrie Rosenthal, of Fort Wayne, and Etta Herff, spent Sunday in North Manchester."

A special committee of the city council, with a citizens' committee, are in session this afternoon hearing the reading of the proposed new charter. They will report at the city council meeting tonight.

Tomorrow evening the Emmett Dramatic club will hold an important meeting at Library hall. Besides the election of officers, final arrangements will be made for the great drama which the club is preparing to give January 25th.

William Moellering has been awarded the contract for building the new St. Paul's Lutheran school house in Bloomingdale. The amount of his bid was $5,750. Work will be begun as soon as the weather permits. The new building will be located on the corner of St. Mary's avenue and Thompson street.

A pleasant surprise party was given the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Mungovan, last evening, upon the occasion of his tenth birthday. Those present were: Marceline Gerow, Edith Corcoran, Genevieve Mungovan, Marie Campion, Hally Fry, Frances Corcoran, Frank McKinly, Frank Markle, Charley, Willie and Leo Mungovan, and Harry Mungovan.

The coming of Miss Julia Marlowe next Saturday evening has excited a great deal of interest among local theatre goers and it is expected that the talented little dramatic artiste will be greeted by the audience of the season. Her former successes in Fort Wayne have given her prestige here enjoyed by no other actress of the same school who has visited Fort Wayne and society will turn out en masse to greet the charming star.

The Allen County Humane society held an interesting meeting in the office of Mr. T. E. Ellison, last evening and elected directors for the ensuing twelve months as follows: Messrs. T. E. Ellison, E. A. K. Hackett, George H. Wilson, Dr. W. F. Myers, Dr. C. J. McOscar and the Rev. Dr. D. W. Moffat. George H. Wilson, president; T. E. Ellison, vice president; Dr. E. J. McOscar, treasurer; George Loesch, secretary, and A. H. Bittenger assistant secretary.

At the Y. M. C. A. last evening the debating society met and argued upon the following question: "Resolved that Fortunes Should be Limited to Thirty Thousand Dollars." Affirmative, Mr. Mathis and Mr. Buck; negative, Mr. Shoey and Mr. Mensch. The question was decided in favor of the negative. The subject for the meeting next Monday evening: "Resolved that Strikes are Not a Good Method of Settling Wage Questions." Affirmative, Messrs. Shoey and Bartell; negative, Messrs. Abbott and Beaver.

THE rumor that the removal of Capt. Irving, of the White Star steamer Teutonic, is due to displeasure of the management of the company with his attempts at "breaking the record," recalls the old days of steamboat-racing on the Ohio and the Mississippi. People like to travel rapidly, but they like also to travel safely, and a reputation for racing hurts the patronage of a ship. It is quite reasonable that it should. There are times when it is the part of the prudent captain to "slow down," even at the risk of bringing his vessel into port behind her schedule. But the racing spirit is incompatible with the exercise of prudence. Racers are like gamblers, and will risk everything to win.

No POSSIBLE condition would make everybody rich. So in discussing the inequalities of present social life the fact of inequality does not argue one way or the other in the matter. It is practically true in this country that any young man, however little he may have to begin with, may by industry and saving accumulate a competence. He may not be able to save it after he gets it. That is the trouble with most who complain of poverty. They do not begin to make the small savings on which prosperity depends, or if they do a little prosperity turns their heads, capsizes their craft, and in modern phrase puts them "in the soup" again. If it is not always to be so the reform must be made by educating a better race of men and women.

THE German Empress, though originally a poor princess, is now very extravagant in the way of clothes, seldom giving a gown more than one wear. And like many extravagant individuals, she flourishes at the expense of others. A Berlin firm of costumers which she had patronized, illiterally went to the wall recently because it couldn't get her Majesty to pony up what she owed the establishment. It seems that empresses have traits of character similar to those of ladies who have never reached the imperial dignity. One touch of nature makes all women kin.

MUCH of the labor of winter is but an effort to keep a lot of cattle or inferior animals in existence. It is customary with some farmers to feed steers, wethers or other animals that are not reproductive on the coarse food only, simply to bring them over the winter, to be sold in spring. The time, labor and cost of the food will be quite an item, for unless an animal is continually gaining in flesh it is entailing a loss. There should be no resting spells during the fattening process.

THE FEW FESTIVITIES

That are Going On In This Quiet, Old City of Ours.

Sleighing Parties are Still Popular But Most of Society's Time is Divided Between the Theatre and Clubs.

Bert Newton returns today to Howe Hall at Lima, Ind.

The T. G. C. club give a sleighing party this evening.

Will Peters returned today to school at Watertown, Wis.

Nathan Snyser returned today to Princeton university.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon J. Straus, of Ligonier, are guests in the city.

Miss Charlotte Lavery is the guest of Miss Winifred Brady, at Muncie, for a few days.

The Merry-go-rounds will be entertained tomorrow afternoon by Mrs. J. M. Barrett.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. O'Connor and Mrs. A. B. Trentman are visiting in New York.

Miss Edna Davis, of Auburn, is the guest of Mrs. Edgar D. Rogers, of West DeWald street.

The ladies of the South Congregational church will serve an oyster supper Friday evening.

A few young ladies of the English Lutheran church will give a sleighing party Thursday evening.

The Afternoon Whist club will be entertained Friday by Mrs. W. W. Shryock, of West Berry street.

Mr. and Mrs. Artemus Pickard will be at home Wednesdays, after January 25, at 102 East Washington street.

Misses Juvia and May Tinker, of Wabash, Ind., are the guests of their sister, Mrs. J. A. Rossell, of West Berry street.

Mrs. Andrew Walterman has returned from a visit of six weeks with friends and relatives in Portland, Maine.

The St. Paul's Catholic choir will have a sleighing party Wednesday night. They will go out on the Bluffton road.

The Misses Sweeney have issued invitations for a 5 o'clock tea to be given Friday afternoon, at their home, on the west side.

Mrs. George Carey returned last evening from Beloit, Wis., where she has been the guest of relatives for several weeks.

Miss Birdie Hirsh leaves the latter part of the week for Indianapolis to attend the wedding of her friend, Miss Cora Kahn.

The Misses Pfeiffer will give a sleighing party this evening in honor of Mrs. Ewing, of Ottawa, Ohio, who is a guest in the city.

Mrs. John T. Ferguson and son returned home yesterday after spending a couple of weeks with her parents at Delphos, Ohio.

Miss Tessa Demmon, of Ann Arbor, Mich., who has been spending several pleasant weeks with Miss Ethel Ninde, left today for her home.

Mrs. H. Cameron, of Chicago, will arrive in the city tomorrow to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schmidt, of West Washington street.

A social will be given by the ladies of the English Lutheran church Friday evening in the church parlors. Supper will be served from 6 to 10 o'clock.

After spending two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Constant, of Lasalle street, Mrs. Battliner and son, John, have returned to their home in Wabash, Ind.

Miss Ellie Haworth, of Crestline, returned to her home today after a pleasant visit with Miss Pearl Erickson. Miss Ellie made many friends while in the city.

Mrs. J. Bock and children, of Battle Creek, Mich., who have been the guests of Mrs. H. A. Habus for some time will return home the latter part of this week.

The ladies of the Caledonian society will meet tomorrow afternoon, at the home of Mrs. James Cairns, on South Broadway, to make arrangements for the celebration of Burn's birthday, on the 25th inst.

Mrs. Louis Balzer, of 193 West Superior street, wife of the Nickel Plate engineer, who was transferred from Fort Wayne to Stony Island, leaves for that place today to be the guest of her husband and friends.

The Columbian club will give its first annual ball Wednesday evening, January 25, at the Standard hall. The committee in charge will be M. Etchy, H. N. Korhman, M. Schele, Joseph Goehron and N. Happ.

Mr. J. D. Olds is building a new home on his farm, on the New Haven road, which will soon be ready for occupation. After their removal Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Craw and family will occupy the house on West Wayne street.

A sleighing party composed of seventeen young people of the Christian church, gave a sleighing party to New Haven last Saturday evening. They partook of an excellent supper at the Trick homestead, several miles east of the city.

Cards have been received in this city announcing the marriage of Mr. Eugene Hardendorf, of this city, to Miss Harriet Clarke, of Lagrange, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. Hardendorf will be at home after February 15, at 155 West Wayne street, in this city.

Mrs. Ed Erickson entertained the E. S. P. Literary club Monday afternoon at her home on East Berry street. The subject taken up was the "Races in Civilization." The next meeting of the club will be held at the home of Mrs. Ad. Mason, on East Washington street.

The Misses Nellie Buck, Ethel Pierce, Mary Cairns, Stella Mossman, Gertrude Gilbert and Messrs. Will Gould, Byron Stopher, Harry Culbertson, Ed. Buck and Paul Mossman composed a sleighing party which drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stopher, near Maysville, last evening.

Miss M. Grosh, of South Hanna street, pleasantly assisted in entertaining, last evening, a few friends who came to surprise her brother and in that way celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of his birth. Progressive pedro was played and the first prize was awarded to Miss May Zorn as the one most successful in winning games.

New Haven has been quite gay for the past two weeks because of the many sleighing parties from this city, which always stop for supper at the Cook house. A very pleasant one was given last evening by Misses Ellie Richey, Rosa Rodabaugh, Margie Spencer, Nellie Quicksall and Messrs. Harry Quicksall, Bert Evans and Geo. Trenman.

A sleighing party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Ed White, Mr. and Mrs. George Clayton, Mr. and Mrs. Will Evans, Mrs. J. A. Rossell; Misses Susan Thompson, Juvia and May Tinker, of Wabash, and Messrs. Bert and Charles Olds and Frank Sweringen, drove to the home of Mr. Bert Olds, on the New Haven road, and partook of an oyster supper last evening.

A sleighing party composed of many merry makers rode through the streets of the city last Friday evening and then invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Bugbee on the east side. The party was not the less enjoyable because it consisted of relatives of both Mr. and Mrs. Bugbee. A delicious supper was served to the guests before their departure at a very late hour.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Piepenbrink pleasantly entertained friends at dinner Sunday evening. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames Peter Perrigoe, W. A. Smith, E. J. Piepenbrink; Grandon Stellhorn, Saul Stellhorn, Masters Burt Smith and Karl Piepenbrink. A big gobbler came in for a good deal of attention at the dinner.

Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Nickey, of Park Place, will occur the marriage of their charming daughter, Miss Maximilla, to Mr. Lyman McLallan, son of Judge and Mrs. W. McLallan, of Columbia City. The ceremony will be performed by Rev. J. A. Ainslie, of the Plymouth Congregational church, in the presence of a number of invited guests and relatives.

A very nobby turnout was seen on our streets Sunday under the auspices of the Fort Wayne Cycling club. The turnout consisted of the single spike owned by Mr. Pearse, the liveryman, and it was manned by Messrs. Will Poltier, Cliff Morganthaler, Frank Lightfoot, Marion Black, John Hanna, Fred Kratzsch, Will Gouty, Frank Morgan and Harry Pickard. The boys report an enjoyable drive.

Sunday afternoon Mrs. B. Garrell, of 28 West Third street, formerly a resident of New Haven, was at home to a number of young people. Among the callers were Misses Annie Baker, Maggie Bronte, Katie Miller, Jennie and Clara Lamboley, Lida Butler, Itala Hazen, Lizzie Donhour, Ada Glass, and Messrs Eugene Boguot, Joseph Lamboley, Philix and Victor Blaising, Charles Schnlicker, Eugene Schneider, Fred Bronto, B. M. Gorrell, A. Poulson and Joseph Kleinrachart, all of New Haven.

Among the many other delightful sleighing parties given Saturday evening was the one which left the city for the home of Mr. Frank Zurbach, two miles east of New Haven, where several pleasant hours were spent. Those present were: Misses Nettie Schuckman, Cora Bayless, Clara Goeke, Mamie Crink, Bara Hire, Laura and Ella Donahue, Emma Ehinger, Lizzie Brink, Theresa Kalbacher and Messrs. Robert Reiley, Henry Krummer, Clem and George App, Gust Goeke, Henry Zurbach, Frank Ehinger and Ed Trentman.

Miss Ethel Ninde very pleasantly entertained the Forty-ninth club last evening at progressive pedro in honor of her guest, Miss Tessa Demmon, of Ann Arbor, Mich. The ladies' first prize, a handsome gold spoon, was awarded to Miss Bessie Baldwin; Mr. Alex Seabrease won the gentlemen's first prize, which was a silver comb and case. The house was very beautifully decorated with flowers and ferns, and souvenirs of roses and carnations were given to each guest. Seidel served a four course luncheon at the conclusion of the games.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,

At Auburn, Indiana, Near Fort Wayne. Cures Drunkenness, Opium, other Drug and Tobacco Habits.

The Keeley Institute, authorized by Dr. Leslie E. Keeley, to be established in Northern Indiana, will open to receive patients at Auburn, Ind., on Monday next, January 16th. The physician in charge will be direct from the personal staff of Dr. Keeley, at Dwight, Ill., and the remedies and treatment identically the same as those employed by Dr. Keeley at his parent institute at Dwight.

Auburn is the county seat of De-Kalb county, Ind., and has been selected by the company on account of its beautiful location and being so easy of access by the people of Fort Wayne and surrounding towns.

I have a farm, 100 acres, in Henry county, Ohio, that I want to trade for Fort Wayne property. Black sand soil.

12 1mo C. E. EVERETT.

The Edith Ross Concert company at the City Y. M. C. A. tonight.

Closing out Sale.
Everything at Cost.
Everything at Cost.

ARCADE SHOE STORE.

9-10-12

Paid Up Stock in the Tri-State.

Paid up stock is sold at $100 per share. Attached to the certificates are interest coupons; one of which is payable every six months. The stock pays six per cent. annual interest and, as it may participate in other profits of the company, it is not taxable.

No membership fee is charged the purchaser of this stock: and the stock may be returned at any time and your money drawn out, with interest to date of withdrawal.

The purchase of stock is absolutely safe—more so than the depositor in any bank can possibly be, as the money received by the Tri-State is not loaned upon individual endorsements, but is loaned on first mortgage, on choice city real estate, at not more than 60 per cent. of the actual cash value of such property.

The Tri-State is nearly four years old. It now has loaned on first mortgages, the enormous sum of about one million dollars. In all its business it has never lost so much as a single cent. It stands today the strongest financial institution in Fort Wayne. Its present income largely exceeds that of any bank in the city, while its operating expenses are scarcely a quarter as much. Its Board of Directors and its officers are men who command public confidence in the highest degree.

No Advance in Sugars.

Standard Granulated Sugar, 5c lb.
Crushed and Powdered, 5c lb.
White, Extra C, very choice 4½c lb.
Good Brown Sugar, 4½c lb.
Choice Clarified N. O. Sugar, pound 5c.
New Orleans Molasses, best 40c; good 30c gallon.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Free treatment for the complexion, wrinkles, freckles, moth patches, moles, warts, pimples and all blemishes of the skin scientifically removed. Consultation free and strictly private, at Mrs. I. M. Smith, 22 E Washington St. 10tf

Flour Down Another 10c Barrel.

Best quality Orff's or City Mills, $3.70 bbl., either in barrels or sacks.
Best Country Mills, $3.50 bbl.
Best Buckwheat Flour, 35c sack.
Self-Rising Buckwheat, 18c sack.
New Maple Syrup, 80c gallon.

FRUIT HOUSE.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY, 31 Arcade, Fort Wayne, Ind. 24t

MASONIC TEMPLE.

FRIDAY JAN. 13.

Returning of the Favorites,

Donally and Girard,

Accompanied by Amy Ames, and their new company of players,

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THE NEW

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NEW MUSIC, SONGS, DANCES, SPECIALTIES, COSTUMES, FACES.

Better and Funnier Than Ever.

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Seats on Sale Wednesday.

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Will furnish at all hours of the day or night messengers to distribute all kinds of advertising matter, deliver notes, invitations, letters, etc., wake you up at a certain hour, procure carriage, cab or express wagon. This service is strictly confidential. Call and see our Electrical Goods, such as Batteries, Call Bells, Annunciators, Burglar Alarms, etc. We make a specialty of Electrical Repairing. All work guaranteed.

15 W. Columbia Street. Telephone No. 240.

WANTS, RENTS, Etc.—Too Late for Classification.

WANTED—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address at once, P. O. N. with terms, Sentinel office. 10-2t

WANTED—By a young lady of experience, a position in stronger line. Not afraid to work. Address, K. K., care Sentinel office. tf

—THE— People's Store,

(PIXLEY & LONG BLOCK, EAST BERRY STREET.)

Wait for Our Great Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

Which Commences

SATURDAY, JAN. 14th.

Our Great Importation of Linens

Is on the way and will be opened up and on sale

Saturday Morning, Jan. 14th.

Delay your purchases and make your selection from the Finest Stock ever seen in Fort Wayne.

☞ Read the Announcement in Next Thursday's SENTINEL. ☜

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BEADELL & COMPANY

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,

Best Lighted Store in the City.

PAUL E. WOLF,

UPHOLSTERER OF

Fine Parlor Suits,
Easy Chairs, Rockers,
Single Lounges, Bed Lounges,
All kinds of Couches,
And Sofas.

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Telephone No. 404, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Hair Dressing Parlors,

22 East Washington Street.
Manufacturing a Specialty.
Also Kid Gloves Nicely cleaned.

MRS. I. M. SMITH.

Don't
Kick!
Buy
Your
Tickets
Cheerfully
For
"Men and Women;"
PRESS
CLUB
BENEFIT
To
Night
At the
Templ .
The Best Show on Earth.

+ Annual Winter Sale! +

15 per ct. Off On All Heavy Weight Winter Suits, Overcoats and Pants.

Gentlemen---

If you a reinneed of a Business Suit, Trousers or Overcoat, we will save you from $5.00 to $10.00.

Quite a saving, isn't it?

FOR THIRTY DAYS,

To make room for our New Spring Stock, we will make up anything in the Heavy-weight Line, Suits, Trousers or Overcoat, at a sweeping reduction.

$30.00 Suits for $25.50.
$35.00 Suits for $29.75.
Overcoats and Trousers in comparison.

THIEME BROS'., 12 West Berry St.

☞ During January and February we close at 6 p. m., except Saturday, 10 p. m.

15 per ct. Off For ThirtY Days On All Heavy Weight Goods.